THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,394—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 24, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

ENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
th July	EGYPT	8000	...	...
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
12th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
19th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
26th ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	...	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
th ,,	OCEANA	7000	...	...
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
rd ,,	ARABIA	8000	...	...
th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
7th Octr	EGYPT	8000	...	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
28th ,,	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8000

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON ALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day sailing. All passengers must attend at that place 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th ,,	OCEANA	6610	...	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th ,,	CHINA	8000	...	...
17th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th ,,	ARABIA	8000	...	..
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10500	...	...
9th ,,	EGYPT	8000	...	...
16th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
20th ,,	*ARCADIA	7000	...	...
23rd ,,	PERSIA	8000	...	...
30th ,,	MARMORA	10500	...	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	...	...
13th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th ,,	MANTUA	11000	...	...
27th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	ARABIA	8000	...	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th ,,	EGYPT	8000	...	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels,	Tons,	Captains.	To sail on
Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1911
Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th Sept. 1911
Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Oct. 1911

TES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
le Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
urn Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

side Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

hrough and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

hrough tickets to New York in connection at ples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the ion of going via Genoa and returning via Venice vice versa, and can break their Journey at any t en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels,	Tons,	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 ......to SINGAPORE Rs. 185 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. TIMOSCI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons,	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	27th July	9 a.m.	direct.
Linga	2185	Fri.	28th July	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 27th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Lindula," 3,358 tons, sailing Pasni, Gwador, Chailbar about Wednesday, 26th July, calling at Karachi, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pandua," 3305 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 10th August, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A steamer to sail on 29th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

24th July, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	...	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	X	18th Jan. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Nera	5,538	Casanova	11th Aug. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	X	8th Sept. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Aug. 1911.
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	21st ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. ,,
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd ,, ,,
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st ,, ,,
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. ,,
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. ,,
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th ,, ,,
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd ,, ,,
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. ,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. ,,
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	24th ,, ,,
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd ,, ,,
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May ,,
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 3 Green Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR.)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Penang
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)
Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)
Klang (F. M. States.)
Seremban (F. M. States.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon
Manilla
Cebu
Hongkong
Canton
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits	Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.
San Francisco.
Washington.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umbalia.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

QUALITY AND VALUE.

JEWELRY
—
WATCHES
—
CLOCKS
—
SILVERWARE
—
SHEFFIELD PLATE.

SPORTS.

We invite inspection of our comprehensive stock of **TROPHIES** suitable for all forms of sport.

MEDALS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE

CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM in canvas	... Rs. 1-2	per lb.
,, ,, ,, cooked on cut	... ,, 2-8	,,
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON ,,	... Re. 1-0	,,
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE ,,	... ,, 1-0	,,
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR ,,	... ,, 1-0	,,
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins each	... ,, 1-0	
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each	... Rs. 3-0	

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and practual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

ANOTHER 10,000 MILES

on one Dunlop cover. This time on a Taxi-cab, the hardest and most unfair wear that a tyre can have.

The Manager of Messrs. Wright and Jackson, Brook House Garage, Sefton Park, Liverpool, wrote on January 10th 1911, as follows:—

"We are sending you to-day one 815 × 105 Dunlop cover recently taken off one of our 14/16 horse power Belsize cars. Our reason for so doing is to express to you our satisfaction with the wear your tyres are giving us. This tyre has covered 10,000 miles, which in our opinion is in every way satisfactory, taking into consideration the various kinds of roads encountered in our class of work. The fact that the tyre has worn down to the last shred of canvas is ample proof of the superiority of the casing, considering that the cover ran throughout without a single burst."

DUNLOP

Tyers are made to wear.

MADRAS OFFICE ... ... 188 c, Mount Road,
BOMBAY OFFICE ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

150°

"SHELL" "SHELL"

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

150° 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

Particulars and Conditions of a 4 per cent. Loan of Rs. 6,79,500 being the balance of a Rs. 8,10,000 Loan sanctioned for Extension of the Karachi Water Works, vide Government Resolution No. 2386, dated 15th July, 1910.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India the Municipality of Karachi invite Tenders for the above loan to the extent of Rs. 6,79,500 only.

2. The Loan is to be raised on the security of the general revenues of the Karachi Municipality. The excellent financial condition of which will be seen from the figures showing the income and expenditure for the last four years, as given below :—

Year.	Income.	Expenditure.	Surplus income over expenditure
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1907-08 ...	12,05,501	10,35,485	......
1908-09 ...	13,00,819	10,60,675	......
1909-10 ...	17,82,279	10,48,880	......
1910-11 ...	11,09,057	11,79,507	......
Total for 4 years ...	53,97,656	43,24,547	10,73,109
Average per annum...	13,49,414	10,81,137	2,68,277

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the Loan will be received up to 2 P.M., (Standard Time), on Wednesday, 30th August, 1911, by the Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, Karachi Municipality, at the Municipal Office, Karachi.

4. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500. Each Tender must be in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for the balance of Rs. 6,79,500 of the Rs. 8,10,000 Loan for extension of Municipal Water Works, Karachi."

5. The rate at which each Tender is made must be specified in rupees or in rupees and annas; it must not contain a fraction of an anna; if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The Municipality do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender or Tenders, and further reserve to themselves the right to accept the whole or such portion only as they may think proper of any sum tendered for.

7. Instalments will be payable either into the Municipal Office, or into the Bank of Bombay, Karachi, as follows :—

10 per cent. on application.

15 per cent. on allotment.

25 per cent. three months after allotment.

50 per cent. six months after allotment.

8. If after the acceptance of any tender, either wholly or in part, the payments are not made as specified above, all payments made in connection with the Tender will be forfeited.

9. The deposits on Tenders which have not been accepted will be returned without interest.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

10. Debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 500 and will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. payable half yearly on 1st March and 1st September.

11. Interest will be calculated on the first instalment from date of allotment, and on subsequent instalments from due date of payment of such instalments.

12. A sufficient sum will be set aside annually and invested to provide for the repayment of the Loan on the dates specified.

REPAYMENT.

13. The loan will be repayable in two decennial instalments of Rs. 3,40,000 and Rs. 3,39,500 respectively. The debentures to be repaid after the first decennial period will be drawn by lot at an Assembly of Municipal Councillors.

14. Forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, Municipal Office, Karachi.

H. C. MULES,
President,
Karachi Municipality.

Municipal Office, Karachi, 12th July, 1911.

NOTICE.

LOSS OF A SHARE CERTIFICATE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 8957 for one share No. 7280 in the Bank of Bombay originally issued in the name of Major W. N. Novesse and last endorsed to the undersigned Ramchandra Hari Gokhle has been LOST, STOLEN or MISLED. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the Share Certificate in any way.

R. H. GOKHALE.

THE Undersigned will SELECT ONE GOVERNMENT STIPENDIARY STUDENT for training, at the Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, as a Forest Ranger, and for subsequent employment as Ranger in the Bombay Forest Department. Candidates must be between 18 and 23 years of age and must appear in person before Undersigned, with the certificates required, at his office, at 2 P. M., on SATURDAY, August 12. Further information including information regarding the qualifications required of candidates may be obtained on application.

G. P. MILLETT,
Conservator of Forests,
Central Circle.

Gulistan No. 24 Civil Lines, Poona.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Registered in London on 27th June, 1905).

COLONIAL REGISTER KEPT AT BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PREFERENCE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED, from the 27th day of July, 1911, to 10th day of August, 1911, both days inclusive, for preparation of warrants for the Dividend payable to Shareholders Registered on the 27th day of July, 1911, for the half year ending 15th August, 1911.

By Order of the Board,
A. T. COOPER,
Managing Engineer.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

CORRIDOR AND RESTAURANT CAR EXPRESS TO DELHI FROM 1st NOVEMBER.

Bombay (Colaba) ..Dep. 22·0
Delhi ....Arr. 6·45

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will run when required, leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A special fast Express Goods Service will run daily for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1911.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

AMUSEMENTS.

"EXCELSIOR" NOVELTY THEATRE

MANAGEMENT :—D. E. D. COHEN, Grand Opera House, Calcutta.

"THE CRAZE OF THE LONDON SEASON"
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FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY
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at 9-45 P. M.
Mr. HENRY DALLAS will present

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by arrangement with
H. G. PELISSIER
in their Celebrated Entertainment, comprising
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CHANGE OF PROGRAMME NIGHTLY.
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H. G. PELISSIER'S BURLESQUE on
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with H. G. P's apologies to W. Shakespeare Esq,
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Prices—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1. Plan at SOUNDY'S.

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TWO PICTURE SHOWS.
7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 P. M.
OUR STAR ATTRACTIONS.
"ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S CLEMENCY."
A stirring tale of the American Civil War
"THE JAPANESE SCHOOL OF SAMURAI."
An insight into these famous fighting Schools in Japan
and
A host of popular pictures.
PRICES AS USUAL.
The FOLLIES will appear NIGHTLY at 9-45.
See Separate Advertisement.

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PRACTICE SESSIONS:—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.

EVENING SESSIONS:—TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS only, 6 to 8 with Band.

NIGHT SESSIONS:—MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 9-30 to 11-30.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

POONA RACES FIRST MEETING.

2nd, 6th, 9th and 16th SEPTEMBER, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that FIRST ENTRIES CLOSE, on TUESDAY, 25th July, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W.I.T.C.

Poona, 18th July, 1911.

POONA FIRST EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 29th July, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 24th July, 1911.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 18th July, 1911.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

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NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
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CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8, Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

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YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—AT ONCE, a EUROPEAN MATRON, for a European School. Salary Rs. 50 and board. Applications should be accompanied by testimonials to character and qualifications. Apply No. 3,042, Care of this Paper.

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WANTED.—SENIOR NEWS READER. Apply GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

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RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents, Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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They are self-adjusting.
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The London Joint Stock Bank.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

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PAID UP CAPITAL......... £ 1,000,000
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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

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BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

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MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
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Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
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APPLY EARLY TO
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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a large quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as chairs, easy chairs, sofas, dressing and writing tables, hat-stands, almyrahs, cupboards, phonographs, clocks and other sundries and iron safes, etc.

At 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred shigram.

SALE OF TWO VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND NECKLACES.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, by order of the owners.—

1 very valuable diamond, pearl and emerald necklace of English-make.

1 very valuable diamond and ruby necklace of English-make.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT TO COLLECT OUTSTANDINGS.

Under instructions from R. D, Sethna, Esqr., the Official Assignee, High Court, Bombay, and Assignee of the estate of Normand Miller Carter, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY MONDAY, the 24th July, 1911, at 3 p. m. (S. T.) at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

The right, title and interest of the said insolvent in the unrecovered outstandings mentioned in the list.

Conditions of sale and a detailed list of the outstandings can be inspected at the Auctioneers' Rooms.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at "C. and R." Shed, Prince's Dock, on account of the underwriters:—

Ex S. S. "City of York."

50 cases Crosfields old Brown Windsor soap, slightly damaged by sea water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable building plots at Sandhurst Road and Null Bazar.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on plot No. 3, the following very valuable building plots for a period of 999 years :—

Plot No.	Area.	Plot No.	Area.
3	648 sqr. yds.	11	366
4	784 „	30	561
73	368 „	22	282
74	345 „	...	...

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will be allowed near the rooms.

The sale of all the above plots will take place on plot No. 3 at the junction of Sandhurst Road and Falkland Road (Golpitha).

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the auction regarding the development they may have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For further particulars, auction, building conditions, form of lease, plans of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. R. H. S. Issac, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at 2 Rehem Mansion, Colaba Causeway, near the Church, the very valuable and handsome black and teakwood plain and carved French-polished household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, leather lined dining chairs, large sideboards and dumb-waiters, carved sofas and chairs, one large gramaphone, one handsome English clock by Newton and Co., London, English palm stands, carved teapoys, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, brass and iron bed-steads, lamps, rich carpets, almyrahs, cup-boards, mahogany cloth presses, English chairs, one Zanzibar parrot in cage, copper utensils, etc., etc.

One handsome powerful chestnut Australian mare, 6 years 15 hands, very fast trapper.

One handsome strong light English-built rubber-tyred victoria, one handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in good order.

Sets of brass mounted harness, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The mare at the Wellington Mews and the carriages at the stable below Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.'s Office.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at top floor, Roosevelt House, Apollo Bunder, opposite the Green Mansion, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best platedware, large sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror back side-board and dumb-waiters, drawing-room sofas and chairs, handsome cabinets, fancy ornaments, rich engravings, oil-paintings, one rosewood iron frame cottage piano by Rose & Co., folding screen, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, ornaments, card table, reclining sofas, Curzon chairs, carved furniture, large screen, marble clock, dressing and wash-hand tables, jail made cane chairs, beaded door chicks, one lot of books, filter, carpets, rugs, ice box, meat safes, copper and alluminium utensils, plants, etc., etc., the property of J. Bennett Esqr., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 30th inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.,) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Chawpati House," Chawpati, behind the Wilson College, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror back sideboard and dumb waiters, rich carpets, table, hanging and hall lamps, rich ornaments, oil painting and engravings, new pattern cabinets, rich carpets, writing tables, revolving and reclining chairs, single and double beadsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, dressing and wash hand tables, teapoys, chairs, copper and aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of Mrs. Mungavin and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

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If-printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
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24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Full-size Billiard Table by Thurston, Empire Typewriters, best Oil Paintings, etc.

On THURSDAY, the 27th inst., at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, opposite the National Bank of India and next to the Paper Currency Office, on Esplanade Road, Fort, by order of the concerned.

Valuable and substantial mahogany and French-polished household furniture, such as single and double mirror-door almyrahs, tapestry-lined drawing-room suites of sofas and chairs, cabinets, easy and Curzon chairs, glass book cases, dressing tables, writing tables with drawers, marble topped tables and teapoys, chest of drawers, Empire typewriters, best oil paintings of different subjects by well-known artists.

Also one full-size billiard table, by Thurston, with accessories complete.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF LOOSE PEARLS AND DIAMONDS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Hiralal and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee Mr. Jivanbhai Jagannath Zarivala, of the firm of Jagnath Itcharam Zarivala, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.), the undermentioned loose pearls and diamonds, on account and at the risk of M. M. Suleman Lubbey—

1 bundle containing about 909 pearls, weighing about 51 1-4 chavs.

1 bundle containing about 1,781 pearls, weighing about 19 1-2 chava.

1 bundle about 6,340 pearls, weighing about 196 chava.

1 bundle very small pearls, weighing 119 3-4 tanks.

1 bundle about 1,049 pearls, weighing about 24 1-4 chava.

1 bundle about 1,756 pearls weighing about 24 chava.

1 bundle about 3,542 pearls, weighing about 65 chava.

1 bundle about 9,923 pearls, weighing about 153 chava.

1 packet 227 diamonds, weighing about 51 1-2 raties.

1 packet 151 diamonds, weighing about 30 3-4 raties.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The goods will be on view at the office of Messrs. Hiralal and Co., from the 21st instant, between the hours of 2 to 6 p. m. (S.T.)

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of July, 1911, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort, the following :—

On account and at the risk of the underwriters—
B. R. 1 case : 120 pieces fringned rugs
32 50 × 76 and 54 × 80.
On account and at the rik of defaulting purchaser Hoosein Haji Jan Mahomed—
10 dozen black stockings.
20 dozen stockings miscellaneous.
5 dozen black stockings.
On account of the concerned—
14 dozen underwear.
5 ready made alpaca complete suits.
12 dozen lady's ribbed vests.
24 dozen coloured drawers.
On account of the concerned—
30 dozen plain white plates 8 to 10 1-2 inches.
30 dozen jugs.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th July, 1911.

Stephens'
Ribbons
AND
Carbons
for Typewriters.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FACING THE SEA.
FORT BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN of PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
Bombay.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES :
EDINBURGH : 64, Princes Street.
LONDON : 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed......£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.

KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

O THE CHEAPEST Old
T PEG McTaggart
WHISKY.
B Rs. 29 per Doz. Blend
ONLY ONE TRIAL WILL SATISFY.

SOLE AGENTS :
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.
VICTORIA TERMINUS.
AND
Messrs. DENISON & Co.
HUMMUM. ST. BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

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	Subscription. Rate	Discount Rate.
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Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	2 8	„ 2 0

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Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

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Third Insertion ...	... „ 3-0	do.
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In the Native Languages double the above rates

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made,

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 21.] [BOMBAY, July 22.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 7-16		1-16
do. Rentes ...	94 3-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	94 1-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities ...	64 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence ...	24 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 3-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-27 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin ...	20-46	un	chgd
do. do. New York ...	4-86 1-8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills 3 months' sight ...	9th Mar. 2		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	2 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	3 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans ...	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet. Steady.

Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £200,000.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£ 240,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£ 110,000
Sovereigns to Bombay	£ 10,000

The Bombay mails of 8th instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier. Fair demand.
Futures	... Easy.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry.
Total Sales	... 8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 2,000
Imports	... Nil
Mid-Americans	... 7·39—06
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 1-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·98	6·75	6·50	6·41	6·38
—12	—12	—09	—09	—09
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	
6·35	6·36	6·37	6·38	
—09	—9	—09	—09	

New York Official noon call October 12·04 Jan. 12·02.

New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 11·96 Jan. 11·97.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	2,000
Receipts at „ Last year ...	......
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000
Exports to Continent ...	1,000
Spot Cotton— ...	13·45 unchgd

Futures—Month of Oct. 12·05—05; Futures—Month of Dec. 12·06—06 } Declined owing to commission house liquidation and advanced on unfavorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 14—1-4
Futures month of Oct.	... 12·04+04
Futures month of Dec.	... 12·01+04
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Dull.

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.—

Total actual Exports	9,000
do Forwarded	52,000
do Imports	27,000
do Stock	588,000
Stock of cotton in London	16,100

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ...	11 1-8
George Mayall's Yarn ...	11

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool C. I. F.... d 6 27-32
Buyers, &c—Sellers.
Months—July-Aug.
Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London ... d 5 3-4
Coconada Ginned C I F London ... d 5 25-32
G. W. Westerns C I F London ... d 6 3-16

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...33 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Wheat Red Karachi ...33 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62lbs ...33 3-8+1-8
Do. Month—July.
Buyers &c.—Sellers.
Tone—Steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...34+1-4
Do. Month—Aug.
Buyers &c.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawn. per 416 lbs 85 p.c.ex-ship 45 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Nearest Value.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship 47 3-8—1-8
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Done and Buyers.
Brown Cawnpore ...43+1-4
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone—Firmer.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship ...72 1-2+1
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata. ...64 3-4+1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 13 3-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4-8—Sellers—Firm.

METALS—

Copper Braziers	...£ 67 3-4
Yellow Metal	...d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G. M. B.	...£56 3-4
Tin Plates I. C.Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs c. i. f. Liverpool	0 13 9
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp	4 15 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool ...	10 10 0
Basic Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India..	5 7 6

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.....Nominal.

ARRIVALS—

"Umvolosi," "Neuenfels."

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...14 3 3-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Steady. Not much offering. Market quiet.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...13-9—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Quite nominal in the absence of business.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...12 5 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Aug.
Tone—Market opened firm, closed quieter.
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ...15 4 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments .. Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Quite. Few sellers.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11 10 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Firm.

SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C. ...... Calcutta
Do. do. July—11 ...... 1-2—Value.
Aug.-Nov.—11 1 ...—Value.
July-Oct.—10 7 1-2—Next year—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. July—11-3—Value.
Aug.-Nov.—11-3—Value.
July-Oct.—10-9—Next year—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta ... .
Do. do. July—12 1 1-2—Value.
Aug.-Nov.—12 1 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—11 10 1-2—Next year—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. July—12-3—Value.
Aug.-Nov.—12-3—Value.
July-Oct.—12—Next year—Value.
General Tone—Firm, but little doing. Fair enquiry.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [22ND July, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
a 257 Bars Silver......	Rs. 4,50,000	London ...	National Bank

a Imported on 15th July 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 20th July, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	42	47,828
B B and C I Railway ...	38	45,113

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. Demand, and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' Sight Credits. Being mail day there has been little fresh business offering. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct.
Do. do France	...170 1-2
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 3-4
Shanghai „	...176
Japan „	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Slight fluctuations have occurred in the market during the day, but on the whole the tone has been steady and a moderate business has been done. We quote at the close as under :—

Cash ...	... Rs. 96 4 0
Settlement	... „ 96 3 0

BULLION :—

Bar Silver in London closed unchanged at 24 5-16 ready and 24 3-8 for delivery in two months. New York was also unchanged at 52 3-4. The local market has been quiet and rather easier with only a small business passing.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs 24 1 0
Australian „	„ 24 0 0
Sovereigns „	„ 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	„ 61 15 0
„ 1st Settlement ...	„ 61 12 0
„ 2nd „ ...	„ 61 11 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Our market opened quiet with good Broach quoted Rs. 317. The position remains unchanged, weather conditions being the ruling influence in the market. There is little doing as buyers and sellers are still apart. Below we give closing quotations which are, however, in many cases quite nominal.

Ready cotton is dull with very little enquiry anywhere.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs. 316	March,
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	„ 321	Jan,
Fine M G Nagpur	„ 318	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola.	„ 307	„
Fine M G Khandeish ...	„ 295	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„ 285	„
Fine M G Bengal	„ 305	Nov.
Fine M, G. Bengal	„ 295	Dec.
Fine M, G. Bengal ...	„ 286	Jan,
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	„ 266	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	... Quiet. Steady.
Estimated Sales ...	... 5,000 bales
Total Imports ...	... 5,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	
7·01	6·81	6·56	6·47	
+05	+06	+08	+03	
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-April.
6·42	6·41	6·42	6·42	6·44
+06	+06	+06	+05	+06

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is firm. We quote :—

Ready „ ...	Rs. 12 8 0 B. T.
September	„ 13 4 6 R. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is steady. We Quote :—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	„ 7 15 0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	„ 7 2 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is firm.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 53 0 0
Yellow Hingangbat ...	„ 59 0 0
Black Kutni ...	„ 45 0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone firm. We Quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 26 0 0

COTTONSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 22 0 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 10 2 0 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone quiet. Stocks very small.

We Quote :—

Bold ... Rs. 42 0 0

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady. We quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 6 11 0 B. T.

WHEAT :—The market is firm.

We Quote :—

White Delhi ready. ...	Rs. 4 12 0 R. T.
„ „ Sept ...	Rs. 5 4 6 R. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,745 X.D.
Bank of Burma	135 X.D.
Bank of India	68 1-4C.D.
Eastern Bank	79
Indian Specie	52 1-2C.D.

MILLS.

Central India S & W Co., Ld. ...	1,770
David	386 1-4
Kohinoor	665
Manockji Petit	2,605
Morarji Goculdas Mill ...	2,800
Standard	955
Swadeshi Mills	1,090

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	138
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference ...	172
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,165
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16 1-2
Treacher and Co.	520
Tata I. & S. Co. Ordinary shares	64

RAILWAYS.

Gujarat Ry...	29
Central Provinces Ry.	31 3-4 X.D.
Tapti-Valley	500

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	4,243 bales
Wheat	8,384 cwts.
Linseed	5,795 „
Rapeseed	5,807 „
Gingellyseed	428 „
Poppyseed	749 „
Groundnuts	627 „
Castorseed	3,226 „
Rice	546 „
Myrabollams	94 „
Cottonseed	2,564 „
Mowraseed	16,993 „
Gram	1,924 „
Joowar	593 „
Maize	500 „

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, July 22.] [BOMBAY, July 23.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 3-8		1-13
do. Rentes ...	......	...	...
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan...	94 1-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. Securities ...	64 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-4		1-16
do. 2 months' hence ...	24 3-8		1-8
do. in New York ...	52 7-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris.	20-27 1-2	un	chgd
do. at Berlin...	20-46 1-2	un	chgd
do. at New York...	4-86 1-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	9th Mar. 2	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 1-8	un	chgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-2	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easy. Small business.
Futures	Barely steady.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	... .
Total Sales	... 4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	250
Imports	... 5,000
Mid Americans	... 7·38—01
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 1-16—unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·99	6·79	6·53	6·46	6·41
+04	+01	+03	+05	+05
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	
6·40	6·41	6·42	6·43	
+05	+05	+05	+05	

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	1,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	......
Exports to Great Britain ...	2,000
Exports to Continent ...	1,000
Spot Cotton—	13·55+10

Futures—Month of Oct. 12·07+02; Futures—Month of Dec. 12·03 unchgd } Advanced on favourable cables, and declined partially under realizing.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 14 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct.	... 12·02—02
Do. do Dec.	... 11·99—02
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Dull.
Visible Supply	973,000 Americans
Do	147,000 Egyptians.
Do	199,000 East Indian
Into Sight	11,510,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total Sales	45,000
Do. Speculation	1,000
Do. Exportation	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	....
Do. Actual Export	....
Do. Import of the Week	....
Do. Stock	....
East Indian total sales	200
Do. Indian Stock	28,000
Do. Exportation	....
Do. Forwarded Consumers	4,000
Do. Actual Exports	100
Do. Week's Imports	4,000
Do. Stocks in Liverpool	28,000
Afloat Americans	10,000
Do. Indian	19,000

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...No sellers. Steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 33 3-4
Do. Month—Aug.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...47 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Buyers.
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...45 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Buyers.
Brown Cawnpore ...43 1-4
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Steady.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...71 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...64 5-8
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 3-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4 8 1-2—Value—Firm.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ...14 8 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Firm but business checked by high prices asked.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...14—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Nothing doing, prices nominal.
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ...12 7 1-2—Sellers
Months of Shipments ...Aug.
Tone—Firm on account of speculative buying owing to drought.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...15 9 1-2—Sellers
Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Very quiet, prices rather easier.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...12 1 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Firm.
Javas—General Tone—Firm holders asking higher prices.

INDIAN BANK LIMITED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 22.

From the directors' report of the Indian Bank Limited for the half-year ending June 30, a net profit, including a balance of Rs. 2,624-4-5 brought forward, amounted to Rs. 63,921-12-11. This sum the directors propose to appropriate as follows : In payment of an interim dividend at the rates of 6 per cent. per annum, Rs. 30,000. To write off branch preliminary expenses, Rs 3,504-5-3. To carry forward Rs. 30,417-7-8. Total Rs. 63,921-12-11.

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 23.

The jute market yesterday was steadier, but there was very little doing. In the gunny market although the prices were lower, buyers would not do business. In the share market a few deals in coal shares were put through, but other lines were quite neglected. The money market was firm, but business was practically nil.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

SYMONS—June 29, at Allahabad, the wife of O C Symons, of a son.

VANRENEN—July 12, at Abbottabad, the wife of Captain Deneys Vanrenen, Army Remount Department, of a daughter.

DEATH.

DENEBY—July 10, at Mussoorie, Patrick Deneby, P W D, Officer in charge Dun Canals, aged 64 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, two shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30. "The Follies" at 9-45 p.m.

Maxim : "If little labour, little are our gains, man's fortunes are according to his pains."—HERRICK.

"AT HOME" AT THE TURKISH CONSULATE.—Sunday, being the annual day of the new Turkish regime, an "At Home" was given yesterday, by the Turkish Consul in Bombay at the Consulate. There was a very large attendance.

MR. DELVADEKAR'S CORONATION POEM.—Mr. Gopalji Kalyanji Delvadekar, the local Kindergarten Instructor, poet and author, had written a poem on the occasion of His Majesty's Coronation and it was submitted to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay last month. Mr. Delvadekar has now received a reply from the Private Secretary to His Excellency Sir George Clarke that His Excellency was pleased with the poetry.

MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF BOMBAY.—Encouraged by the success of the Boxing tournament held recently at the Balliwalla's Grand Theatre, Tardeo, Mr. Darashah Kharas, manager of the "Grand," is arranging another tournament of pugilists for the middleweight championship of Bombay. The exhibition will most probably take place on the 1st of August next, and considerable interest is caused on account of the good exhibition given by Melville and Cranbrook on the last occasion.

EXECUTION IN THE COMMON JAIL.—Mangalsing Ramsing was executed on Saturday morning in the Common Jail. At the last Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, the accused was charged with the murder of a Hindu woman named Itabai. It appeared that the accused who lived with the woman in a house in Bohra Masjid Lane, asked her to accompany him to Calcutta. She refused to do so, whereupon he battered her head with a curry stone. The accused was sentenced to death. The sentence was accordingly carried out on Saturday.

"THE FOLLIES."

Clever and Amusing Burlesques.

Mr. Henry Dallas' touring company of "The Follies" gave their first performance in Bombay, at the Novelty Theatre, on Saturday, with great success. They had an audience which packed the house in every part, and whose constant and loud applause showed how thoroughly they enjoyed the entertainment.

The early portion of the programme was occupied by miscellaneous items, the Follies first of all introducing themselves in a little chorus. Next a humorous duet was given, Mr. Jean Desormes and Miss Nellie Webber singing quaintly "How much he loves her," while Miss Cissie Harcourt gave "Ypsilanti," and Mr. Reginald Mountfield at the piano sang funnily two or three little ditties of which the most popular was that of Mary McGee. This was followed by a delightful burlesque on an Arcadian pastorale, in which Mr. Henry Dallas was a drily satirical Corydon and Miss Nellie Webber a dainty Phyllis. Miss Elsie Redfern, whose was the next appearance on the bill, was unfortunately unable to take her place, but Mr. Fred Daniels was so genuinely funny in several little stories and songs that disappointment was soon forgotten. Distinctly his best effort was his Scotch coon song, "Inverary Mary," which was a delightful mixture of a Scotch comic song with a coon dance and ditty. Mr. Clifton Yates, who has an exceptionally good baritone voice, gave a fine rendering of "Glorious Devon" and "The Yeoman's wedding" as an encore, while Miss Marie Mansfield gave a Shakespearean recitation, and several imitations of well-known actors and actresses.

Next we had two of the well-known "potted plays" of Mr. Pelissier. The first of these was anonymous, but it put no great strain on the recollection to discover in it a burlesque of the "Merry Widow." It was certainly very much potted and struck one as a little thin, but it gave opportunities for an amusing skit on the well-known dance and also on the husband of "a dutiful wife." The other potted play was Mr. Hall Caine's "The Christian," in which Mr. Henry Dallas in a very "far-gone" version of a Glory Quayle was entertaining enough and Mr. Clifton Yates was a melodramatic John Storm, who stormed as much at his "people" as at the popping of Glory's corks.

The second half of the programme was undoubtedly the more popular half of the two. It represented a burlesque, which in many instances was very clever, of a music hall performance in the East End at which the audience frequently exchanged repartee with the occupants of the stage. Mr. Henry Dallas, besides giving some clever skits and imitations on the stage itself was as a coster in the gallery, the leading spirit amongst these interrupters and his pointed sallies were responsible for much of the laughter, which attacked the whole house. The programme included amongst other items, imitations and burlesques on well-known comedians such as George Robey, George Lashwood and Wilkie Bard, Bransby Williams in impersonations of Dickens' characters, the singer of pathetic ballads, the throaty and fiery baritone, and Miss A. Lotta Bulls, the American lady pistol shot.

The Follies change their programme every evening, and if all their entertainments are received as cordially as was that of Saturday, they will have an exceedingly successful stay in Bombay.

THE LATE Mr. W. W. GIBSON.

The Bombay Government has issued the following Press note :—

Government made a full and careful enquiry into the circumstances attending the regrettable death in February last, of Mr. W. W. Gibson at St. George's Hospital, Bombay. They took the opinion of a surgeon of high standing in London on the report furnished by the Surgeon-General, and they were assured that no blame attaches to the staff of St. George's Hospital and that Mr. Gibson was properly treated throughout.

A son of a wealthy landowner named Jones inveigled the daughter of an officer stationed at Bucharest to accompany him on a balloon ascent. While the balloon was in the air he, in revenge for unrequited love, stabbed her to death, and then fatally shot himself with a revolver.

Maitre Labori, the well-known defender of Major Dreyfus, has been elected President of the Corporation of Barristers in Paris in succession to M. Busson-Billaut.

Near Roseberg, in Oregon, on the 28th June, three bandits held up a railway train and robbed the registered Mail van. The Mail clerk saved several packages of valuables by throwing them into a corner, where they were unnoticed by the robbers.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

HUBLI MUNICIPAL CASE.

Full Text of Judgment.

THE following is the full text of the judgment delivered by the Hon'ble the Chief Justice in the appeal in suit brought against the Hubli Municipality by Messrs. Ralli Brothers :—This is an appeal from a decree of the First Class Subordinate Judge of Dharwar awarding Rs. 9,677 to the plaintiffs as compensation for injury done to their cotton by water which the defendants, in breach of their duty, allowed to escape on to the plaintiffs' premises.

The defendants, the Municipality of Hubli, are a body corporate under the District Municipalities' Act (Bombay Act III of 1901). By virtue of section 50 of that Act, property of various kinds is vested in them to be held and applied by them as trustees, subject to the provisions and for the purposes of the Act, and includes all public markets, tanks and works connected with or appertaining thereto, drains and culverts, and by section 54 it is provided that it shall be the duty of every Municipality to make reasonable provisions for 'inter alia' the constructing, altering and maintaining all public markets, drains, drainage works, culverts, tanks, dams and the like.

In or about the year 1904, the Municipality of Hubli, took steps to provide a municipal cotton market. They selected for the purpose the site of a large and ancient tank known as Gulkawa's tank, which had largely silted up. The southern boundary of the tank was an embankment. The tank received the drainage of the land to the north of it, and at the south-eastern corner was a weir for the discharge of surplus water. The tank area occupied about two-thirds of a quadrangular space of which the northern boundary was a public road known as the Station Road, and the western boundary, another road running from north to south. The scheme of the Municipality was to drain the water coming to the culverts under the station road into a nalla on the eastern side of the quadrangular area and to conduct it into a small tank to be formed in the south-eastern corner of that area whence the water would discharge eastwards, over the old weir which it was proposed to deepen so as to allow of the passage of a larger body of water. This scheme would leave such part of the old tank as was not included in the small new tank free for reclamation as a cotton market.

In 1904 or 1905, the Municipality formed the smaller tank and utilised that part of the southern dam of the large tank which was not wanted to hold up the water of the small tank as spoil to fill in the area marked out for the market.

The levels taken by the Commissioner as shown upon the map prepared by him for the purpose of the suit in the year 1908 indicate that over the centre of the reclaimed area there was nowhere a difference in level of more than one foot.

At the same time, the Municipality deepened and cleaned out the old nalla running along the east of the area and connected it up with culverts passing under the Station Road so that the water draining under that road passed into the nalla and thence into the small tank and discharge in time of flood over the weir.

This scheme of drainage and reclamation during the monsoons of 1905 and 1906 caused no trouble. The monsoons were not particularly heavy ones and there was no day marked by any sudden and extraordinary rainfall. In the year 1907, however, upon the 7th June an extraordinarily heavy fall of rain occurred at about 6 p.m., amounting to nearly three inches in less than an hour. The result was that practically the whole of the Municipal area was flooded and a quantity of cotton owned by the plaintiffs was washed away or damaged.

It appears that the plaintiffs in 1907 were doing business in the ginning factory of Ratanji Hormusji using it for the purpose of storing ginned and unginned cotton, cottonseeds and cotton bales. This ginning factory was situated immediately to the south of the area of the old tank and adjoined the new Municipal Cotton Market. It was, however, at a very much lower level than either the market or the bed of the old tank and before the tank was drained and filled in, its water was prevented from flooding the factory area by the southern dam.

On the 10th June 1907, the plaintiffs' agent wrote to the vice-president of the Municipality informing him that owing to the dam of Gulkawa's tank adjoining the Ratanji Factory having been unwisely removed by the Municipality and owing to the insufficient and faulty drainage in reclaiming the cotton market extension area, all the water on the 7th instant instead of taking its proper course in the tank rushed in the Ratanji Hormusji and the Alexandra Press factory and caused serious loss amounting to Rs. 90,000 or thereabouts. The latter claimed damages on the ground that the loss had occurred owing to the negligence of the Municipality and requested them to take immediate steps to ascertain the extent of the loss.

In consequence of this notice, a panch was formed which between the 9th and 20th June inquired into the damage done and estimated it at something under Rs. 3,000. This presumably was done under the provisions of section 165 (2).

The plaintiffs were not satisfied with this award and accordingly filed this suit in which they charge the defendants with negligence in the following terms :—'The defendants have for some time been carrying on their work of reclamation of the tank. In the course of their operations, they removed the dam at the southern extremity of the tank, altering the levels of the tank-bed and its surroundings and diverting the natural and customary flow of water, having formed a tank at the north-east corner of the dam and directed a considerable flow of water into it also for their own purposes. This was the situation of things on the 7th June 1907, when there was rain in Hubli. The direct consequence was that a large body of water, by force of the defendants' operations flowed into the tank at the north-east corner of the dam aforesaid and into the area under reclamation and owing to the charge of levels and diversion of water and the removal of the dam by the defendants without due provision for the control or disposal of water thus collected, the same flowed into the aforesaid factories and there damaged the plaintiffs' goods to the extent of Rs. 10,145-15-6 at the lowest, in spite of the plaintiffs' efforts to save them."

Notice of suit was duly given within six months of the date of the injury complained of and no exception is taken in this appeal as to the sufficiency of the notice. In order to establish their allegations of negligence, the plaintiffs called only one witness, namely Mahlingappa, who describes himself as the plaintiffs' bazar-man. He says his duties are to buy and sell goods for plaintiffs, to take delivery and prepare goods for sale and supervise all goods. He states that between Gulkawa's tank and the factories there was a big dam, that until the demolition of the dam, the water from the tank-side never came into the factories, but that great damage was caused on the 7th June to goods in the factories as the dam had been removed and used by the defendants to level up the tank-bed. He says that a small bund to the north of the tank shown on the Commissioner's map was demolished by the defendants a few days before the rainfall and that that bund had been intended to prevent the running water from the culverts on the north side getting into the tank and to turn it into the nalla on the east. Then he says that the mouth of the nalla on the east was formerly wider but that its width had been lessened by cuttings made by the defendants, although, he admits, that the nalla bottom had been deepened and the banks raised. He says that formerly the ground at the northern end of the nalla sloped from south to north but that the defendants had shortly before the rains cut the bank and made the ground level by which reason the greater portion of the water did not run into the nalla but over the marked area into the factory ground.

I will first consider the last of these charges. I do not think any negligence is proved on the part of the defendants. No question was put to any of the defendants' witnesses upon the point nor is the charge made in the plaint. Assuming the defendants did this, the levelling of the ground which had formerly sloped from south to north would obviously facilitate the flow of water from the eastern Station Road culvert into the nalla, and even if the bank of the nalla had been cut into in order to afford access for the purpose of levelling the bed, the levels show that there was a rise of a foot and a half to the west of that cutting which would have tended to direct the flow of the water into the nalla. Moreover negligence is a relative term, and I do not think the defendants can be held guilty of it, because at the moment they were engaged on a small improvement which left a gap in their system this extraordinary fall of rain came upon them.

The alleged narrowing of the mouth of the nalla does not appear to me evidence of negligence in view of Mahlingappa's statement that the bottom was deepened and the banks raised.

It is to be observed that none of the acts of negligence alleged by this witness (Mahlingappa) support the case made in the plaint which alleges the collection of water in the small tank and in the old tank area and that the defendants failed in dispersing of it, suggesting a case similar to that of Rylands vs Fletcher, L. R. 3 H. L., 338.

After giving the facts of that case, his Lordship said : In view of the evidence of Mr. Coen who designed the drainage works, I am unable to accept the statement of Mahlingappa that there was any small bund to the north of the tank. There was the water channel, four and a half feet wide from the western culvert to the nalla on the sides of which the excavated earth had been thrown up. Mr. Coen cannot recollect whether the channel had been filled up before or after the flood of 1907 and replaced by another channel parallel with the Station Road.

It appears to me that the cause of the injury to the plaintiffs' land was the extraordinary rainfall, and it is difficult to see how in the general flooding of the town which must necessarily have followed and which is deposed to by Shankar Raoji Apte and most of the defendants' witnesses, the plaintiffs' factory could possibly have escaped injury, lying as it did at a much lower level not only than the tank area but also than the other surrounding land. It is possible that if the old southern dam had remained, extending from the western road to the point where the weir discharged flood water, the floods to the north of the dam would have been checked or even carried off without injury to the plaintiffs.

It may, I think, be assumed that the officer of the Municipality thought in June 1907, that the work which involved the removal of the part of the southern dam had contributed to the damage done to the plaintiffs and for that reason assessed the compensation payable. This compensation would be payable at the option of the Municipality to mitigate hardship consequent on the execution of authorised works.

If the removal of the dam was not authorised by the provisions of the statute under which the Municipality acted, or was conceived and carried out negligently and not as part of a reasonable scheme, then only would the plaintiffs be entitled to recover damages from the defendants by suit.

Now it appears to me that the scheme was a perfectly reasonable one. The Municipality for the benefit of the cotton merchants at Hubli were providing a market at a convenient spot. They were also providing for a drainage scheme which would take the place of the old primitive arrangement of a large tank and the evidence afforded by its success in the years 1905, 1906 and 1908 is strong reason for holding that there was no rashness or negligence in the design.

The learned Judge has found that negligence was proved in carrying out the scheme in that the defendants' act in removing the big bund before completing their drainage work was most unwise that the drainage provided for before the storms was insufficient, that the reclamation works were undertaken and executed unsystematically and without taking the regular levels of adjacent sites and without an estimate of the quantity of water that would run into the small tank and providing means for its proper discharge without flooding the neighbouring sites. It does not appear to me that the evidence of Mahlingappa, the plaintiffs' bazaarman, who had no practical experience of drainage works and whose evidence was contradicted on various points by the defendants' more experienced witnesses, justifies these conclusions. The scheme had stood the test of two monsoons, the rainfall of the 7th June was far heavier than any which had occurred during the recollection of any of the witnesses who were examined upon the point, and there is good evidence to show that the works that were in progress on the 7th June were all works calculated to improve rather than impede the drainage. The respondents' counsel endeavoured to persuade us that we had to deal here with the case of a natural stream diverted by the operations of an unauthorised stranger into a channel which was not sufficient in time of extraordinary flood to carry off its waters without injury to the plaintiffs ; in that case, it was said, the defendants would, on the authority of Smith vs. Fletcher, two appeal cases, be liable if the combination of the removal of the dam with the extraordinary rainfall resulted in damage to the neighbouring land owner. The facts above-set out show, however, that we are not here dealing with a natural stream and that the defendants can appeal to statutory authority with regard to their general scheme of operations.

In a suit of this nature, the onus of proof of negligence lies on the parties alleging it, see "Whitehouse vs. Birmingham Canal Company," 27 Law Journal Exchequer, 25, and if neglect in the execution of the statutory powers and duties is not brought home to the Municipality, a suit against them must fail as being unsustainable in law, however great the damage they may have suffered from the extraordinary flooding uncontrolled by the old tank dam, see "Dunn vs. Birmingham Canal Company," L. R., 8 Q. B., 42.

For these reasons, I am of opinion that the decree appealed from should be reversed and the suit be dismissed with costs throughout.

RAJA BAHADUR'S CLAIM.

Further Evidence.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman resumed the hearing of the suit brought by Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Bombay Cotton Mills in respect of his claim of two lakhs of rupees.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalvad and Mr. D. N. Bahadurji appeared for the plaintiff; the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. M. R. Jardine were for the Company.

Mr. R. D. Sethna, examined by the Advocate-General, said on behalf of the defendant company he had made a claim against the Tricumdass Mills. He did not know the facts about the two lakhs then, but he came to know of it afterwards. He resisted the plaintiffs' claim against the defendant company. Dwarkadass' estate owed to the two mills Rs. 30,00,000. The assets were about Rs. 75,000. The whole debt would come to about Rs. 70,00,000. As liquidator of the Tricumdass Mills, he had resisted the claim up to this time. As receiver of Dwarkadass estate he had filed a suit against Devji in respect of the racing account but he was satisfied by the explanation of Deoji and he gave up the claim.

Cross-examined, witness said that he did not know of these facts before April 1910. Referring to an affidavit dated December 1909, witness said from that it appeared that he knew of the grounds on which the suit was resisted.

After leading some other evidence the Advocate-General closed his case.

Mr. Setalwad then called Dani in rebuttal. Examined-in-chief, witness said the transaction of withdrawal was arranged on the 28th December 1908. About that, he had no interview with Dwarkadass on the evening of the 26th at his bungalow or elsewhere. On the 26th no conversation between him and Dwarkadass had taken place. If Deoji said that, it was not true. What he said about Poonamchand being on bad terms with the witness was not true. Poonamchand was not in Bombay on that day. If Deoji said that the plaintiff had written to close the accounts of the two mills, it was not true. No such instructions were given. Large sums were paid in and withdrawn from the current accounts of the two mills. He now generally said that all the allegations of Deoji were false.

Cross-examined, witness said that securities were taken in December 1908 and January 1909 because further advances had to be made to Dwarkadass personally. He did not remember if the plaintiff did not pay a pie from December 1908 until his death to Dwarkadass. He would accept the statement if some one said so. The securities were given for future loans. He did not know in December 1908 that Dwarkadass was then hard up. He knew that a few days before his death. The securities were for loans to be advanced and for those already advanced to the mills.

Re-examined, witness said no moneys were advanced to Dwarkadass because his attorneys advised him that securities were not sufficient and that they were investigating the matter. The investigations had not been completed until after his death.

The case is proceeding.

MR. A. G. A. Leveson, acting Commissioner in the Pegu District, has been appointed a member of the Burma Legislative Council in the place of Mr. H. L. Eales, who is appointed to officiate as Judicial Commissioner of Upper Burma.

DISSEMINATING SEDITION.

Order Confirmed.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Hayward disposed of the application for revision of an order made by Mr. J Brander, District Magistrate of Ratnagiri, who dismissed an appeal from a decision of Mr. N. B. Divatia, First Class Magistrate of Ratnagiri, who, in August last, bound over Vinayak Vithal Mull in his personal recognizance for Rs. 2,000 and two sureties of Rs. 2,000 each to be of good behaviour for one year for the offence of disseminating sedition.

For the applicant appeared Mr. Daji Abaji Khare, the Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

The prosecution case was that in July 1908, a schoolboy named Vathal Phadke started a free library called "Abhinav Bharat Vachanalaya". In April 1910, the police had occasion to search this library in connection with a murder case in Kolhapur. As a result of the search, a certain quantity of seditious and objectionable literature in the form of books and newspapers was seized by the police from the library, from the accused's shop which was on the ground floor of the same building and from the accused's house. It was also part of the prosecution case that Phadke left Ratnagiri in 1908 and ever since then the accused was the manager of the library, through means of which he spread sedition amongst boys and grown-up persons.

The accused denied any connection with the library as manager or having any active hand in it and stated that he used to keep the key of the library occasionally.

Amongst the newspapers subscribed by this library there were five whose editors had been convicted of sedition. The articles appearing in the papers seized, remarked the First Class Magistrate, were positively seditious, and he held that it was clear from the evidence that the library disseminated sedition.

After a thorough examination of the evidence on the second part of the case, the Magistrate came to the conclusion that the accused was connected with the library as manager and that he thereby disseminated sedition.

On appeal, the District Magistrate took the same view and said that no one who carefully perused the able and exhaustive judgment of the lower court, with its extracts from the papers and periodicals in question, could hold otherwise. Besides there was no reason why the witnesses should testify falsely against the accused, who, according to the evidence, was well-to-do and a man of influence in the locality. Also his previous conduct in trying to close the shops in the town as a demonstration against the Government proceedings with regard to Tilak showed he had been hostile to Government and of a seditious disposition.

After hearing the arguments, their Lordships, in disposing of the application, said : Both the courts have gone into the questions argued before us and held on evidence that the petitioner disseminated seditious matter by opening a library. The evidence establishes that he rented the rooms for the library, that his object was to spread sedition and that he induced people to read seditious publications received in the library and that there was seditious matter read at his instance. His defence was of a prevaricating character. We do not think that the terms of the order are too severe. We discharge the rule.

POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED MANUFACTURE OF COUNTERFEIT COINS.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Hassan charged Shaikh Ibrahim Shaikh Hussain, Kishen Narayen and Saikh Adam Shaikh Hussein with manufacturing counterfeit coins, with keeping implements for that purpose and with abetment. Mr. M. M. Desai, pleader, defended the first accused. The case for the prosecution was that on the 17th instant, near the entrance of the Government Dockyard, Inspector Hassan noticed a sweeper drop his cap from which three nickel coins came out. The sweeper was brought by a policeman to the Inspector. He made a statement, in consequence of which the first accused was arrested and his room searched, when a number of counterfeit coins and implements were found. A book entitled "How to roll in wealth" was also found in the room. The second accused was subsequently arrested, while the third surrendered himself to the police.

The further hearing was adjourned.

CHOWPATHI.

The following letter has been addressed to the Chairman and members of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipality:—

Markur Building, 71, Apollo Street, Fort,
Bombay, 20th July.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to lay the following few lines before you in the hope that you will be pleased to consider the same in the interest of the people of Bombay, whose good and welfare you have always at heart. It was about two years ago that I had the honour to submit to you a similar suggestion, and I am thankful to you that it was partially carried out. Now I beg you to be good enough to take the matter further into your favourable consideration.

The Chowpathi road on the West of the level-crossing is getting more and more popular and fashionable, and is daily resorted to by middle class respectable families in large numbers. To meet their convenience you were good enough to order about twenty-five new benches to be put up, but allow me to say that the number of the recreation seekers is so large that twenty-five benches can hardly suffice. There is space enough on the footpath for fifty benches more, and I respectfully suggest that you will be pleased to order at least twenty-five benches more to be put up so as to afford some convenience to the people resorting to the place, particularly the large number of ladies that are always found there. It may be practicable to increase the width of the footpath, but the large crowd collecting there will have some moving space to walk about, if some of them are conveniently seated on additional benches. I also beg to suggest that some additional lamp-posts be put up at intervals in the line of the footpath as the present light arrangement is hardly sufficient. At the Apollo Bunder and at the Bandstand there are arrangements for extra lights and as the number of people flocking to Chowpathi is far greater than that at either of the above places, it is indeed necessary that additional lamp-posts be put up and kept lighted. Trusting in the interests of the visitors to the place, most of whom are ratepayers of your Municipality, you will be pleased to take the matter up into your early and favourable consideration.—Yours, etc.,

JEEWAJEE FRAMJEE COWASJEE
MARKUR.

P. S.—I respectfully submit that an early sanction is necessary so that the arrangement might be completed before the approaching visit of our Gracious and Beloved Emperor to Bombay. In fact it is quite necessary to double the present width of the footpath but in view of the heavy cost that may be entailed it may be a consolation to the visitors if the number of benches and lamp-posts be increased, which will not entail a heavy cost. I may say that on the whole of Khote foot-path from the level-crossing up to the Police Chowki at the foot of the hill there are twelve lamp-posts only. If additional lamp-posts be put up at intervals there will be ten posts more which will cost about Rs. 500 only, but will be extremely useful and serviceable both to the visitors to the place and the Police ; benches will cost about Rs. 500.

THE Hon'ble Messrs. Clarke, Member of Commerce Department, and Robertson, Secretary, will return to Simla on August 11. On the conclusion of their monsoon tour they will visit Kalamati on their way from Calcutta.

IN view of the Delhi Durbar and the prospective late move of the Government of India, the proposal to hold the Annual Conference of Registrars of the Co-operative Credit Societies in Calcutta, during December will, for the present, be abandoned.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Hansa Line steamer Wartenfels, 2,834 tons, Captain H Reimers, sailed on Sunday for Hamburg via Karachi with a general cargo.

The Anchor Line steamer Scindia, 3,258 tons, Captain C W Kelso, sailed on Sunday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Khosru, 2,410 tons, Captain J Hannah, sailed on Sunday for Jeddah, &c, with 864 pilgrims.

The P and O Co's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain H G H Lewellin, R N R, sailed on Saturday for Aden, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Vorwaerts, 3,727 tons, captain B Dannecker, sailed on Sunday for Kobe, &c, via Colombo, with a general, 2 cabin and 3 deck passengers.

The Asiatic S N Co's steamer Ranee, 3,634 tons, Captain A McLennon, sailed on Saturday for Java with a general cargo.

The Venice S N Co's steamer Orseolo, 2,849 tons, Captain S Chissa, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta via Colombo with a general cargo.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer E F Ferdinand, 3,873 tons Captain B Cabol, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Kobe via intermediate ports, and Colombo, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain H Manley, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo, 5 cabin and 23 deck passengers.

The steamer Hillies, 849 tons, Captain M Berg, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Bangkok, via Singapore, with a cargo of timber.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lindula, 2,183 tons, Captain R G Dagge, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh via Karachi, with a general cargo, 12 cabin and 13 deck passengers.

The German Line steamer Markgraf, 2,325 tons, Captain H Thle, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Daressalam, with a general cargo, 5 cabin and 118 deck passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 21st July, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Espiegle (Sloop)	Com'dr Lefroy	R Navy
R I M S Hardinge	Comdr Luck	R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook	B H Jones	R I Marine
R I M S Mayo	Lt Com'dr Finnis	R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus	Lt W Taylor	Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 22.

Arcadia	3573	Barcham	Shanghai	2-8	P & O Co
Breconshire	2323	Evans			S Wallace & Co
Dumra	762	Manley			M M & Co
Evandale	2468	Wilkie			W & A Graham & Co
E F Ferdinand	3873	Cabol			A L S N Co
Fakhri	2555	Baldvin			Bo & H S N Co
Gymeric	2558	Williams			E Tajbhoy
Gallea	555	Wratt			K Nixon & Co
Helios	849	Berg			F F Campbell & Co
Hild	719	Salvesen			F F Campbell & Co
Kilchattan	2417	Eno			Shaw Wallace & Co
Linga	257	Bothwell			M M & Co
Lawoe	1817	Francis			H T Ayoob
Lindula	2123	Dagge			M M & Co
Othello	3327	Maclaren			J Finlay & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born			Shah S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 22.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Bossano	2763	Boaball	Hull via Karachi	26-7	J F & Co
B Clan Leslie	2199	Goodwin	Dunkirk	31-7	J F & Co
K Indravati	513	Esmail			B S N Co
L Sabarmati	524	Ahmed	B'nagar	24-7	Bo S N Co
N Steenberger	2455	Jange	Rotterdam		W & A Graham & Co
P Ariel	2209	Hyde	Antwerp	21-1	T Morrison & Co
Q Bahaduri	829	Ahmed			B S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
3 Siberien	2032	Gore	Dunkirk	29-7	J M & Co
4 Clonsham	3075	Osborne	Antwerp	19-7	W & A Graham & Co
4 Itinda	3397	Goss	Auger Head	25-7	M M & Co
5 Ceylon Maru	3142	Tozawa	Kobe	28-7	N Y Kaisha
6 Clan Ferguson	3107	Jones			J Finlay & Co
6 Crossby	2531	Bovey			T Morrison & Co
7 Trieste	3203	Ivancich	Trieste	1-8	A L S N Co
12&13 Egypt	4207	Ashbury	London	29-7	P & O Co
15 Nurani	2870	Crebbin	Calcutta	25-7	T M & Co

H W P D

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Satrunj	547	Hoosein	Karachi	21-7	B S N Co

B I DOCK

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Kasara	505	Elton			M M & Co
Markgraf	2325	Thle	Zanzibar	26-7	A Strandes & Co

M W D D

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
Islami	1604	Green	Jeddah	5-8	B & P S N Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels	Commanders	From
22	H M S Espiegle	Lefroy	Colombo, July 16
	Lindula	Dagge	Busreh, July 6
	Markgraf	Thle	D'salam, July 6
	Hillies	Berg	B'kok, June 15
	E F Ferdinand	Cabol	Kobe, June 13
	Linga	Rothwell	Karachi, July 20
23	Dumra	Manley	Busreh, July 15

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
22	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden
	Chesapeake	Bead	Port Said
	Ranee	McLennon	Java
	Vorwaerts	Dannecker	Kobe, &c
23	Khosru	Hannah	Jeddah, &c
	Scindia	Kelso	Liverpool, &c
	Wartenfels	Reimers	Hamburg, &c
	Orseolo	Chissa	Calcutta, &c

The steamer Markgraf entered for loading on Saturday for Zanzibar, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Natal Line steamer Umvolosi, arrived at London, on the morning of the 21st instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 22.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—1 case tortoise shell, 281 cwts dry ginger, E Sultanally; 165 cwts mother-of-pearl shell, M Jafferbhoy; 8 bales skins, V Esmail, 40 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co; 126 cwts chutney, F Naoroji; 30 cwts deer horns, E Mahomed; 10 cwts chutney, N K Jasawalla; 105 cwts chutney, D D Framji and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Ariel s—2,000 cwts castorseed, Parekh Bros and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Steenberger s—406 cwts crushed myrabollams, 342 cwts gum, S Cooverji; 411 cwts gum, G Sojpal; 500 cwts kurdelseed, a Blascheck and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Siberien s—62 cwts olibonum, M Jafferbhoy; 1,006 cwts rapeseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—100 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Castalia," July 25.

The Anchor Line steamer "Castalia," is due to arrive here on the morning of the 25th instant with the following passengers :—

Costa, Miss Da
Johnson, Mr T F
Kamlein, Rev W
Macdonald, Lt T
Ohant, Mr T C Ormiston
Perkins, Rev J
Stubber, Miss
Young, Mr K
Norton, Mr D

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Scindia," July 23.

The Anchor Line steamer "Scindia," sailed from No 2 Shed, Victoria Dock, on the morning of the 23rd instant, with the following passengers :—

Bird, Capt L W
Bremner, Col H J
Dawes, Capt G W
Greer, Mr W

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Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4	0	2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3	10	0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3	10	0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	0	0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3	10	0	per two tins

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 24th July, 1911.

PROGRESS IN HYDERABAD.

THE departure of Mr. Casson Walker from the great Deccan principality, after almost ten years' hard and successful work, closed an association which has resulted in the elevation of the State to a degree of financial prosperity unexampled in its history and which will have an important influence upon its future progress. To find a parallel to the recent occurrences we have to revert to the early fifties of last century when it seemed probable that Hyderabad would share the fate of Oudh, a prospect which was averted by the brilliant administration and statesmanship of the Minister who took charge of its affairs after the assignment of a considerable area of its territory for the maintenance of the Contingent. Upon his demise thirty years later, he left a flourishing heritage to his successors, and had they possessed even a modicum of his abilities the history of Hyderabad in the ensuing quarter of a century would have proceeded on different lines, instead of being a recitation of a chain of administrative disasters. But a series of governments, each excelling its predecessor in weakness and incompetence, soon dissipated all the good results of the Salar Jung era, and produced situations which caused the Government of India some anxiety, until a preventive was discovered for these recurring troubles. According to the traditions of which Hyderabad is a rich repository, the Nizam rules but does not govern, and for some years His Highness was a passive spectator of the attempts of his ministers to steer the ship of State, until their repeated failures convinced him that the salvation of the State could only be secured by his personal intervention. This would have made itself manifest at a much earlier period had official encouragement been extended to it, but that was not given until Lord Curzon took the situation in hand, when the Berar settlement was effected, and assured His Highness of the fullest support and assistance in his plans for constructing a progressive administration and placing himself at its head. The new conditions came into operation ten years ago and have been mainly instrumental in promoting the series of valuable reforms, carried through by the late Assistant Minister for Finance, which have given Hyderabad a new era of prosperity as evidenced by the large assets it possesses and the liquidation of its principal liabilities.

On the present occasion we do not propose to rehearse the improvements that have been effected as they have been reviewed and appraised in previous articles, but there are two points upon which effort should be concentrated as recommended by Mr. Walker in his testamentary memorandum. They are the extension of railways and the protection of the currency from its vigorous British competitor. It is obvious that some seven hundred miles of line, which is the present extent of the railway communications, are insufficient to meet the requirements of a territory eighty-two thousand square miles in extent, carrying a population of thirteen and a half millions. The story of the Hyderabad railways does not make pleasant reading as the first of them was a most costly piece of construction which failed to pay its working expenses until it was taken over by a British Company a quarter of a century ago and amalgamated with the system they propose to extend to all the promising centres of the Dominions. But for some unexplained reasons these projects have not materialised as the monopolising Company either cannot or will not raise more capital, though the State has authorised it to do so, and the lines now working yield an average profit of six per cent. yearly. The result of this curious situation is that construction has been at a standstill since the opening of the Godavery Valley line ten years since, and apparently future work is to be limited to such minor schemes as the State can finance from its cash balances. One of these is in progress between Purna and Hingoli at a cost of forty-five lakhs and will form a link in the great metre gauge connection between North and South India, which is now being surveyed under the orders of the Railway Board. Other projects for which the Hyderabad Government are prepared to find funds are the branch from Wadi to Gadag which will serve the Doab goldfields and the extension from the capital to Kurnool on the Madras metre gauge system. These schemes will absorb a couple of crores of rupees, and it is doubtful whether the State can afford to deflect any more of its funds in this direction as irrigation and public works have claims that cannot be overlooked. Further progress will, therefore, be blocked until a new agreement has been concluded with the Company, and as this has been under deliberation for five or six years, the new Assistant Minister should concentrate his attention upon the early conclusion of the negotiations as until some decision is reached no fresh railway expansions can be arranged and financed.

The protection of the currency is a more difficult operation, because the Government of India have exacted an undertaking from the State that no measures shall be taken to impede the circulation of the British rupee within its limits. This condition was imposed when Hyderabad was urged to give up its own currency and accept the imperial silver tokens, but since then the State has equipped itself with a new coinage which it naturally desires should be used by its own subjects in all their business transactions, as any serious shrinkage in the circulation will produce the consequences set out in Mr. Walker's valedictory memorandum. As far as we can gather from the published statistics some nine crores of these new rupees have been made from bar silver and old Hallis. But there are still large quantities of the latter awaiting the melting-pot and recently the mint holdings of standardized silver amounted to a crore and a half of tolas. Coining had then been suspended for some time as the public demand for the new currency had ceased, though the full conversion is still a long way from completion. This situation seems to indicate that the competition of the British rupee is already a serious factor in Hyderabad economics, which is not likely to be lessened in the future unless some means can be devised to counteract it. The most practical form that these could assume would be the passing of an enactment prohibiting the use of foreign money in all commercial transactions occurring within the State limits, and it is understood that a measure of this kind is contemplated, if no objections are advanced against it by the Government of India, in view of the agreement mentioned above. The situation in regard to this currency question offers a fair opportunity for the application of the policy expounded in Lord Minto's Udaipur speech, and it may be hoped that the State will not be compelled to adhere to an undertaking exacted when a different set of circumstances were in operation. In railways and currency Mr. Glancy has two strong and important points for the concentration of his activities, as both are of superlative interest in the future progress of Hyderabad, and coming developments regarding them will be awaited with much curiosity by all who desire to see a continuance of the present prosperity of the Nizam's Dominions.

A NOTABLE STATESMAN OF THE PAST.

No Minister ever exercised longer or more weighty influence on the Home Government of India in early days than Henry Dundas, Viscount Melville. He was thoroughly versed in Indian affairs upon which he wrote a number of reports which have become celebrated and which Brougham, who was not very partial to him, calls performances of the greatest merit. He sent out to India for nearly a quarter of a century a long succession of civil and military officers who distinguished themselves in the service of England in India and who created family traditions for Indian service which in many cases were continued to our own times. Being a typical Scotchman he naturally selected his own countrymen for appointments in this country and the first Lord Minto believed that there was hardly a gentleman's family in Scotland of whatever politics, which had not at some time and in some one of its members received some Indian appointment or other from him. "Blackwood's Magazine," a famous Scotch periodical, has therefore done well to call attention to this famous Scotchman. He was at first Lord Advocate of Scotland for a number of years, and had entire control of patronage in his own country in his hands. The Lord Advocate had enormous power as he wielded the whole executive Government of Scotland till the latter country got its own separate Secretary of State, He took his own time in several matters, notably with regard to the war of American Independence, regardless of the policy of the Government to which he belonged, and this independence provoked the wrath of George III, who wrote of him to Lord North : "More favours have been heaped on the shoulders of this man than ever bestowed on any Scotch lawyer, yet he seems studiously to embrace an opportunity to create a difficulty. But men of talents, when not accompanied with integrity, are pests instead of blessings to society." This royal remark though of profound general truth, was hardly appropriate in this particular case. His Majesty, who had not yet given up his mistaken ideal of personal government, first put into his head by Bolingbroke, wanted Dundas to attend the House of Commons and "brave the Parliament" as he expressed it. Dundas obeyed the royal wish, but that could not avert the fall of North, the King's favourite Minister.

Then after a couple of years, in 1784, Pitt came into power, and Dundas had the shrewdness to ally himself closely with the young minister as soon as he had seen his coming greatness and before it was generally acknowledged. He supported Pitt whole-heartedly, when Pitt needed his support in the first years of his ministry, and the close union between the two lasted till Pitt, who was seventeen years younger, died in 1806. Latterly he fell into trouble and was impeached for mismanagement of the Admiralty funds under his charge as Treasurer of the Navy. But Pitt, who was Prime Minister for the second time when the resolution for the impeachment was passed, stood by him firmly. He is said to have shed tears in the House when its decision to impeach his friend was announced, a visible sign of grief he had never allowed himself to show on any other occasion in public. Dundas, who had become Viscount Melville some time previously, was honourably acquitted by the House of Lords ; but Pitt did not live to know this as he died a few months earlier. One of the earliest acts of Pitt on coming to power in 1784, was to remodel the Government of India and put it on the basis which it more or less still retains after the lapse of nearly a century and a third. He created the Board of Control for India at home, which has effectually controlled all along the policy of the Indian Government both under the Company and the Crown ; only under the Crown it changed its name and called itself the Secretary of State in Council. Dundas was a foremost member from the first of this Board, and though not nominally its President till 1793, he did everything and had a free hand in all matters. For nearly twenty years he was intimately identified with this country at home, and the Indian Government received its orders and instructions on main points of policy from him. It was a very important epoch in the history of the Indian Government as well as of India itself during which he presided at home over their destinies. The long troubles of the impeachment of Warren Hastings occurred under him. In 1782 he had called Hastings the saviour of India, in a speech in the Commons, but was afterwards obliged by political expediency to acquiesce in his impeachment. The struggle with the French Revolution and its intrigues in India also fell to him as President of the Board of Control to undertake. He was several times spoken of for the Governor-Generalship, but he preferred the higher place at home from which to control Indian policy rather than merely to carry out the policy of another in India.

THE KING'S PREROGATIVE.

AT last we have been told what are His Majesty's intentions, should he be recommended by Mr. Asquith to create sufficient Peers to pass the Parliament Bill. Mr. Asquith's definite statement in his letter to Mr. Balfour disposes of a question which has been a subject of speculation since the closing days of the last Parliament. "His Majesty has signified that he would consider it his duty to act on that advice." This statement is one, of course, which had been anticipated, but at the same time it will be received with relief. It removes the tension in the political atmosphere, and for the first time for many months it is possible to view the political situation with some reasonable certainty as to what forthcoming events will be. There is now no doubt that the Lords must surrender, and their surrender will be complete until such time as the party to which the majority of the Lords belong may find themselves in a position to reverse the Parliament Bill. Lord Lansdowne, it is true, does not appear to be certain of the willingness to submit of a number of his party, but there can now be no doubt that should the attitude of the extremist Lords be persisted in, he and his followers will support the Government. It is difficult to understand, therefore, what motive can actuate these recalcitrant Lords in their further defiance of circumstances : what a united party of the Lords has failed to accomplish, it is impossible that a small division will be able to perform. Even could they persuade their leader, Lord Lansdowne, to abandon his moderate policy, their fate would be only worse. They are powerless against the decision of the King to exercise his prerogative, if he is advised to do so. By defying that decision they will only add to the humiliation of their order. We find it impossible to believe therefore that their resistance will be continued to the end. Should they, however, ill-advisedly persist, a new line of action on the part of the Government becomes possible. Mr. Asquith, it is computed, will be able, with the support of the moderate Lords, to secure the passing of the Bill by the addition of fifty Liberal Peers. A much smaller evil to the Peers of course than five hundred, but there can be no purpose served in forcing the creation of even fifty. We shall be surprised if within a few days Lord Lansdowne does not find himself able to give the guarantee, which he has felt himself bound so far to refuse.

IT has been decided that the Government of India offices will remain at Simla until the Delhi Durbar.

H. M. S. "ESPIEGLE" (sloop), Commander Maxwell Lefroy, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Colombo, which port she left on the 16th July.

THE *Pioneer's* London correspondent wires :—It is given out that the resignation of Sir William Willcocks does not imply a cessation of work on the Mesopotamian Irrigation Scheme which is in full progress.

COL Sir Henry MacMahon, Foreign Secretary, will act as Master of Ceremonies during the Royal Visit and will co-operate with the Lord Chamberlain in the ceremonial functions.

A SPECIAL rainfall chart is in circulation every evening among the members of the Viceroy's Executive Council, giving the distribution of rainfall and indicating the position of the affected areas.

IT is understood that the Viceroy will probably pay a short visit to the Durbar Camp at Delhi early in October, thereafter returning to Simla and afterwards proceeding to Dehri until about the third week in November.

The Vatican has refused to recognise the Spanish Ambassador so long as the Premier of Spain, Senor Canelejas, remains in Office.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRENCH CABINET'S POLICY.

The Agadir Incident.

MONARCHIST AGITATION IN PORTUGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JULY 8.

THE Ministerial Declaration was read in the two Chambers on Saturday. Parliament's first task, it says, will be to settle the question of the delimitation of the wine districts and of electoral reform. Such a serious change in the system of consulting the electors cannot be effected without the union of all Republicans. The Government will then confine itself to the realisation of urgent reform. It will ask for measures for the protection of day schools, for, says the Declaration, it is time to reply to the unceasing campaign of the enemies of existing institutions. No effort will be spared by the Government to secure the rapid passage of an Income-tax law on the lines of the essential principles already accepted by the Chamber. The Civil Service regulations, proceeds the Declaration, will give legitimate guarantees to servants of the State, from whom strict discipline will be demanded. The Government will endeavour to deal with railway matters by preparing the revision of the conventions now in force and by extending the State's powers of control. The Government will neglect nothing tending to financial retrenchment and to budgetary stability. The statement concludes : ". . . a Government which governs and pursues a policy of social evolution, while respecting Republican order and the law—such is the substance of our programme." The Declaration was read by M. Caillaux, the Premier, in the Chamber, and by M. Cruppi, the Minister of Justice, in the Senate. In the Chamber it was generally applauded by the majority, but in the Senate the reception was more reserved. At the request of M. Caillaux, the Chamber agreed to discuss all interpellations on the general policy of the Government together. M. Buisson opened the debate with a speech on electoral reform.

FRENCH ELECTORAL PROPOSAL DEFEATED.

On the resumption of the debate on electoral reform in the Chamber on Wednesday, an amendment by M. Painleve providing for the division of thickly populated departments and a redistribution of seats was discussed. Several deputies urged that the different parts of the amendment should be taken separately, and M. Caillaux, the Premier, asked for the adjournment of the discussion of the amendment until the meeting of the Chamber in October, in order that the Government might have an opportunity of considering the consequences which its adoption would entail. The proposal for the adjournment was rejected by 303 votes to 251 amid applause from the deputies who favour proportional representation, and M. Dalimier then moved the adoption of the amendment, which was voted after some further debate. It sets forth that each department shall form a parliamentary constituency, but when the number of deputies to be elected exceeds seven a department shall be divided into two constituencies. The House also adopted the section of the amendment fixing the redistribution of seats. Representatives of the Left met after the Chamber had risen, M. Caillaux, the Prime Minister, being present. It was arranged that after a vote to-morrow on the third paragraph of the Painleve amendment, two only of which were adopted to-day, no vote on the entirety of the amendment should be taken, and that affairs should remain "in status quo" during the holidays, in the course of which the Government would elaborate a scheme on the lines of the principles just approved by the Chamber.

THE AGADIR INCIDENT.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Temps" wires that no notes have been exchanged between the English and German Governments, and that there has only been an interview between the Ambassador and Sir Edward Grey, who reminded him of British interests in Morocco, which could not be abandoned, and gave him to understand that England would take part in the negotiations which might eventually be held. The writer adds that the moderate tone of the English reply gives satisfaction at Berlin, where a report that the English Government had asked for the withdrawal of the Panther, is strenuously denied, but all the same he believes that Sir Edward Grey made a remark to the Ambassador about the change caused in the situation in Morocco by the appearance of a German warship at Agadir. The "Temps," in a note this evening, says that the English and French Governments are quite agreed as to the negotiations being carried on between them and Germany and Spain, and also with Russia included if, as France's ally, she desires to take part in them. So, it continues, England's attitude is clearly defined. The British Ministers have unanimously rallied to it, and the idea of any fresh demonstration at Berlin has been abandoned for the present. The notion of a European conference does not seem to be liked at Berlin, where a conversation between Paris, London, Berlin, and Madrid would be preferred starting between Berlin and Paris and extending to the other two capitals. M. Jules Cambon, the French Ambassador, will be back at Berlin to-morrow ; but he takes no reply to the German Note from his Government, as no decision will be arrived at until Ministers have met in Council under M. Fallieres's presidency on Saturday. Meanwhile, the "Matin" asks why various German personages are again so busy in Paris with members of the Government and politicians, as was the case in 1905, instead of leaving everything to the Ambassador ; and the paper remarks that, if it is true that the cruiser Berlin is to remain at Agadir until the conclusion of the negotiations, this will be resented by public opinion in France, and will render the situation even more delicate.

GERMAN ATTITUDE.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Matin" sends an account of a conversation which he has had with a retired diplomatist who is believed to be on intimate terms with the German Foreign Office, and who delivered himself of several remarks, which are certainly instructive. He said, for one thing, it can only repeat that Germany wants no territory in Morocco, because this would be a continual source of disputes with England, whose interests there are, perhaps, even more important than ours, and also with France, whose political preponderance was formerly recognised by Germany. So the negotiations should be directed to another field, and you have already mentioned Germany's wish for a slight rectification of the frontier of your Congo, which would round off our Cameroon on points which you have yourself designated. It has been said that we want a conference. There is no truth whatever in this. We do not desire a conference, as that of 1906 was amply sufficient. We want to come and we can come, to a direct understanding with France without any kind of intermediary, and on the German side no one cares to fall again into the error committed six years ago, which led the Chancellor of that date to reject M. Rouvier's proposal to a high German diplomatist. And further on this authority added : Why are some newspapers crying out over the gesture of the despatch of a gunboat with 125 men to Agadir. This time with the Berlin there are 286. But if there were 500, and two or three more ships, at Agadir, what would it matter ? What was the really important point in all this affair ? That German troops should be disembarked at Agadir, or the German flag hoisted at that port ? Has either of those two things happened ? No, it has not. And he concluded with the expression of the firm opinion that France and Germany would rapidly arrive at an understanding in the approaching conversations.

THE ACT OF ALGECIRAS.

The general Act of the International Conference at Algeciras in 1906, relating to Moorish affairs set forth in its preamble that :—Inspired by the interest which attaches to the reign of order, peace, and prosperity in Morocco, and having recognised that this desirable end could only be attained by means of the introduction of reforms based upon the threefold principle of the sovereignty and independence of his Majesty the Sultan, the integrity of his dominions, and economic liberty without any inequality, have resolved, on the invitation which has been addressed to them by his Sherifian Majesty, to assemble a conference at Algeciras in order to arrive at an understanding respecting the said reforms, as well as to examine the means of providing the resources necessary for their application.

Article 3 sets forth that in order to assist the Sultan in the organisation of the police, Spanish officers and non-commissioned officers acting as instructors, and French officers and non-commissioned officers acting as instructors, shall be placed at his disposal by their respective Governments, which shall submit their nominations for the approval of his Sherifian Majesty. . . . The Governments of the countries to which the instructors respectively belong reserve the right to recall them and to replace them by orders approved of and engaged on the same conditions. These officers and non-commissioned officers, the document proceeds, shall for a period of five years from the date of the ratification of the Act of the conference give their services to the organisation of the Sherifian police forces ; be responsible for the instruction and discipline of those forces; superintend the administration of the force and the issue of pay, which shall be in the hands of the Amin ; and they shall give technical assistance to the Moorish authorities invested with the command of these forces in the exercise of that command. Regulations for the proper working of these matters were to be drawn up and submitted to the Diplomatic Corps at Tangier. The total strength of the whole effective police force was not to exceed 2,500 men nor be less than 2,000, and would be distributed, according to the importance of the ports, in detachments varying from 150 to 600 men. The number of Spanish and French officers was to be from 16 to 20, and of Spanish and French non-commissioned officers from 30 to 40. The working of the police was to be entrusted by the Sultan to a superior officer of the Swiss army appointed as inspector-general and residing at Tangier, to whom would fall the duty of making an annual inspection of the police detachments and drawing up a report addressed to the Makhzen. Without intervening directly in the command or the instruction of the force, the inspector-general would take note of the results achieved by the Sherifian police as regards the maintenance of order and security in the districts in which such police should be installed. The staff of instructors of the Sherifian police (officers and non-commissioned officers) would be Spanish at Tetuan, mixed at Tangier, Spanish at Laraiche, French at Rabat, mixed at Casa Blanca, and French at the three other ports. As will be seen, the Sherifian Government was practically under obligation to maintain order and protect the life and property of foreigners by means of the police forces organised under the sovereignty of the Sultan. The inadequacy of the native forces of the Sultan to protect foreign interests was made the justification of Spanish and French armed intervention respectively, under the jurisdiction of the signatory Powers to the Act of Algeciras.

MONARCHIST AGITATION IN PORTUGAL.

No further details have reached London in connection with the report telegraphed by the Lisbon correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company that fighting had taken place in the Portuguese capital between seamen in the barracks and the populace. It was reported that the seamen, incited by the Monarchist agitators, attempted to raise an armed revolt. Revolvers and knives were used with deadly effect. The Government called out all the available troops, both cavalry and infantry, and after severe fighting managed to quell the incipient revolt and restore order. The message proceeded:—"The town is in a state of panic, and elaborate precautions are being taken. The Government are informed that the leader of the Monarchist party has received another important addition to his funds in the shape of a remittance of £82,000 from Brazil. A strict censorship has been established, and no messages are allowed to pass except those approved of by the Government." Such telegrams as were received through Reuter's Agency from Lisbon and Madrid were, generally speaking, of an optimistic character. One Lisbon message stated :—"A force of 1,000 reservists who have been ordered to Northern Portugal for service with the active troops marched through the streets of Lisbon amid scenes of great enthusiasm, large crowds cheering the men and for the Republic." The Madrid correspondent of the same agency telegraphed yesterday :—"No news has been received here regarding disorders in Lisbon." On the other hand, another message from this correspondent tends to support the supposition that if a revolution is not already in progress in Portugal all the elements are present for an attempt to overthrow the Republican regime. This message says :—"A telegram from Tuy states that all is quiet in Portugal although troops are still being massed in the north in order to prevent an invasion by Monarchists. It is declared that both officers and men of the regiment of Chasseurs in garrison at Valenca do Minho are loyal to the Republic. More arrests of conspirators have been made in the Minho district." The Portuguese Minister in London informs Reuter's Agency that he has received no intimation of any disorders, Monarchist or otherwise in Lisbon. On the contrary, the information in his possession indicates that perfect quiet and order prevail in the Portuguese capital.

CONVICT LABOUR IN RUSSIA.

An account is given by the "Novoe Vremya" of the harsh conditions governing the employment of convicts in the construction of the Amur railway. Those working in the Rasdolny district westward of the station of Maloch, are under the control of the former administration of the Orel central prison, officials without any knowledge of the local conditions, whose only aim seems to be to continue the most rigorous form of prison treatment. The correspondent charges them with senseless cruelty towards the convicts, who are beaten and flogged without any valid cause. On one occasion Superintendent Leonovich fired his revolver point blank at a man who answered him impertinently, killing him on the spot. The convicts are forced to work, however ill they may be. Many of them are suffering from scurvy in its worst form, and the prison doctor threatens the scurvy patient with cellular confinement if they ask to be relieved from work. The food given to the convicts is indescribably bad, the meat rotten, and the cereals musty. The cells, where several prisoners were confined after being cruelly beaten, could only be called nests of vermin. A party of sick convicts on the Chasovinsky section were eight days without any warm food, the official in charge leaving them to their fate and not giving the escort any money for the purchase of provisions. One doctor reported having found a convict literally dying of hunger and exhaustion. The regime practised has led to many attempts at escape. Only last month 22 men made off in a body, and during the last six months, out of a total of 2,000, 130 sought flight. M. Gochkoff, ex-President of the Duma, who accompanied the correspondent of the "Novoe Vremya," telegraphed a long report on the above abuses to the Minister of Justice.

KHEDIVE OF EGYPT.

The "Figaro" prints a lengthy interview with the Khedive of Egypt, who has just arrived in Paris. The interview was granted in Cairo to a special correspondent of the newspaper in question, and is interesting as being marked by open expressions of opinion as to the political situation and outlook in Egypt. His Highness emphasises the importance of the present movement in favour of the spread of education, thanks to which, he says, the Egyptian people is realising more and more fully its rights and its duties, so that it will not be long before it regains its rank among the most civilised nations of the world. The extension of powers granted to the Provincial Councils is another powerful factor in the work of regeneration. On the Constitutional question the Khedive says: "I am a constitutional sovereign and an enemy of absolute power, but it must be made clear that the problem of the representation of the people is more complex in my country than in many others; we have to take into account special conditions relative to the administration of finance. And, above all, the fact must not be lost sight of that the country must progress gradually towards Parliamentary institutions and, so to speak, attain to them by force of experience and wisdom." His Highness regrets the impulsive conduct of a certain section of his people, but predicts that the commonsense for which Egypt is renowned will obtain the upper hand. The agitation among the Copts is condemned by him. The Coptic claims he describes as being inspired by irresponsible extremists, and calculated to create a gulf between the Mussulmans and Copts, to the great evil of the country. Summing up his optimistic views as to the general outlook, the Khedive says : "The agitation which has manifested itself and which, as always, has been exaggerated is superficial. These men who are in such a hurry to annihilate everything, and who belong to associations in which policy is replaced by poetry, are not followed by the native people who are, at the same time, distrustful and simple-minded."

THE cost of living is still rising in the United States. The Bureau of Labour reports that the prices of 257 commodities during 1910 showed a 4 per cent, increase on the prices for the previous year and were 1.6 per cent. higher than the prices ruling in 1907, which were the previous highest recorded.

THE LORDS AND THE VETO.

MR. ASQUITH SENDS AN ULTIMATUM.

King Signifies Readiness to Create Peers.

BOLD ATTITUDE OF EXTREMISTS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 21.

Lord Lansdowne to-day held a meeting of his supporters at Lansdowne House. Some one hundred and fifty attended and the meeting was private.

A letter from Mr. Asquith to Mr. Balfour was read stating that Mr. Asquith thought it courteous and right to let Mr. Balfour know that the Government was unable to accept the House of Lords' amendments to the Parliament Bill and would, if necessary, advise the King to exercise his prerogative to secure the passing of the Bill into law, substantially as it left the House of Commons.

His Majesty, said Mr. Asquith, had signified that he would consider it his duty to act on that advice.

The meeting arrived at no decision, but it is understood that the leaders deprecated carrying matters to extremes.

LONDON, JULY 22.

Previous to the meeting at Lansdowne House to-day, there was a meeting of Unionists at Mr. Balfour's house. Among those present were Lord Lansdowne, Lord Selborne, Lord Salisbury, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Mr. George Wyndham and Mr. Bonar Law.

Unionist accounts of the meeting at Lansdowne House yesterday state that Lord Lansdowne recommended submission to a superior force and was supported by Lord Curzon, Lord St Aldwyn, the Duke of Devonshire and Lord Harris, whereas Lord Selborne, the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Salisbury, the Duke of Bedford and Lord Willoughby de Broke urged resistance to the end.

The *Daily Mail* and the *Daily Telegraph* admit that the crisis is ended.

The *Morning Post* and the *Standard* advocate resistance.

According to the *Daily Chronicle*, Mr. Asquith has sent a second letter to Lord Lansdowne, in which he asked for an assurance that the Bill would be passed in its original form.

Lord Lansdowne replied that he was unable at present to give that assurance, thus indicating that the extremists are not subdued. The paper states that the immediate creation of peers may perhaps be necessary.

The Lobby correspondent of the *Standard* agrees with the statement in the *Daily Graphic* of yesterday to the effect that Lord Lansdowne will support the Government, if the extremists challenge a division.

LATER.

Several papers intimate that the Government intends to postpone the consideration of the House of Lords' amendments for a week, and to employ the interval in arranging formalities for the instantaneous creation of fifty peers, who, with the present Government supporters, could out-vote any peers refusing to accept Lord Lansdowne's advice, and persisting in resistance. Meanwhile Lord Lansdowne will be asked to guarantee the passing of the original Bill.

A public dinner will be given to Lord Halsbury, on Wednesday, in recognition of his services, and of the determination to support him and to insist on the amendments as a last safeguard of the Constitution.

Lord Selborne will preside and will be supported by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Wyndham, while Lord Lovat and Lord Willoughby de Broke are acting as organisers in the House of Lords, and Sir Edward Carson and Mr. F. E. Smith in the House of Commons.

Mr. Asquith, to-day, had an audience with the King at Buckingham Palace.

LONDON, JULY 23.

Mr. Garvin, in to-day's *Observer*, appealing for a large attendance at the banquet which is to be offered to Lord Halsbury, says that "no surrender" represents the conviction of the mass of the party and a majority of leaders. In the event of surrender, the party will be split up and will never be reconstructed under the present leadership. Mr. Garvin adds that it is a grave thing that the party is still ignorant of Mr. Balfour's real mind.

London, July 7.—The "Daily Telegraph," in the course of a remarkable article, advises the Unionist Peers to pass the Veto Bill. The best men on both sides, it states, would heartily welcome a reasonable settlement of the difficulty. "There is," it proceeds, "no escaping the Bill, and the hemlock must be drunk. The Peers, who are in fetters, must therefore yield, having fought well enough for their honour. The Unionists, however, will not always be in the minority, and the next Administration will be able to destroy the measure."

THE INSURANCE BILL.

Mr. Redmond's Irish Amendment.

LONDON, JULY 22.

Mr. Redmond has laid on the table of the House of Commons an amendment to the Insurance Bill constituting a separate Insurance Commissioner with a central office in Ireland and collecting all the Irish funds. Considerable significance is attached to this announcement.

LORD ESHER'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Lord Esher has practically recovered.

THE POWERS AND MOROCCO.

Firm Attitude of British Government.

REPORTED INSULT TO FRENCH OFFICER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 22.

At a Mansion House banquet of bankers and merchants, Mr. Lloyd George, replying to the toast of the "Prosperity of the Public Purse," said that peace was the first condition of prosperity, but it was essential for Great Britain at all hazards to maintain her place and prestige among the Powers.

"If a situation," he added, "were forced on us in which peace could only be preserved by the surrender of the great, beneficent position Britain had won by centuries of heroism and achievement, by allowing her to be treated, when her interests were vitally affected, as if she was of no account in the cabinet of nations, then, he said emphatically, that peace at that price would be a humiliation intolerable for a great country like ours."

The papers this morning make a feature of Mr. Lloyd George's speech, which is generally regarded as a warning to Germany in connection with Morocco.

The *Daily Chronicle* states that Mr. Lloyd George read the passage from manuscript and spoke with great deliberation.

That paper adds: "We may take it as embodying the judgment of yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet. It is meant as a word in season, in view of the situation arising from Germany's action in Morocco."

The *Standard* says: "The situation is apparently deemed sufficiently serious for the Government to seek the first opportunity of expressing its determination to uphold British prestige at all costs."

BERLIN, JULY 23.

Mr. Lloyd-George's speech at the Mansion House has been received with astonishment by the press and in official circles. They refuse to believe that the words were addressed to Germany as negotiations with France are proceeding normally.

PARIS, JULY 22.

A telegram received here from Alcazar states that Lieutenant Thiriet, a French instructor to the Shereefian troops, on entering Alcazar, was arrested by the Spanish Post, struck, and taken before the Spanish Commander, Colonel Silvestre, who insulted him. He was subsequently released.

LONDON, JULY 22.

There has been great friction in Morocco, owing to the Moors of Lieutenant Thiriet's force deserting to the Spaniards. Colonel Silvestre telegraphs to his Government that Lieut. Thiriet assaulted a supposed deserter, drew his revolver, and boxed the ears of a Spanish corporal, who interposed. The latter was afterwards conducted to Colonel Silvestre, who refused to hold him prisoner.

A later telegram from Paris admits that Lieutenant Thiriet's arrest was due to his interference with the deserters.

MADRID, JULY 22.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs, on hearing of the Thiriet incident, communicated with the French Ambassador here and the Spanish Ambassador in Paris as to the necessity for urgent reciprocal measures for the avoidance of grave conflicts.

PARIS, JULY 23.

A telegram received here from Alcazar states that when Lieutenant Thiriet was returning to his quarters after his release by Colonel Silvestre he was again arrested, this time by a police patrol, and conveyed to the Spanish barracks The French Consul protested and Lieutenant Thiriet was released after being detained for an hour.

CONTINENTAL PRESS.

Berlin, July 8.

The "Lokal Anzeiger," the "Kreuz Zeitung," and many other newspapers interpret Mr. Asquith's mention of the new situation which he said had arisen in Morocco as implying that it had been created by France and Spain, thus necessitating German intervention.

"Die Post," however, considers that Mr. Asquith politely announces to Germany "Hands off Morocco." The "Germania" remarks that the optimists are wrong in supposing that Great Britain remains neutral or even well-disposed to Germany. All German hopes have been shattered by the blow. Germany, too, must face the new situation, and it is to be hoped that Herr Kiderlin von Waechter (German Minister for Foreign Affairs) will prove equal thereto.

Vienna, July 8.

The "Neue Freie Presse," commenting on the situation in Morocco, states that the evil done during the last few days is sufficiently grave to disturb the pacific work of many years. Mr. Asquith's speech, it continues, affords positive proof that King Edward's policy will be continued under King George. Germany must struggle anew in her negotiations against a world of distrust and open and secret foes. Is Morocco worth these complications?

Berlin, July 8.

The Tangier correspondent of the "Cologne Gazette," states that all the influential persons from Suez resident at Tangier have addressed a letter to the German Minister expressing assent and satisfaction should Germany take the Suez region under her protection.

Paris, July 8.

It is stated that France and Germany have intermittently been negotiating in regard to an agreement giving Germany industrial advantages in connection with the railways in Morocco in return for Germany placing on record a fresh recognition of the special interests of France. As, however, Spain was ignored in the negotiations the Spanish Government protested on the grounds that one of the railways traversed her sphere. The hitch in the negotiations was also partly due to the recent changes in the French Ministry. Germany is now seeking, it is asserted, to reopen the discussion through the medium of the Agadir surprise.

THE P. AND O. MURDER.

LONDON, JULY 22.

An Indian, named Francis Godhino, alias Almeida, a bath attendant on the liner "China", has been committed for trial for the murder of the ship's stewardess, Miss Brewster, which he is alleged to have committed on a voyage between Colombo and Aden.

MORE JUDGES FOR INDIA.

Mr. Montagu Introduces Amending Act.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 22.

Moving the second reading of the Bill to amend the Indian High Courts Act of 1861 in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Montagu said the measure was necessitated by legal congestion in India, which frequently amounted to a denial of justice. The Courts did their best, every kind of reconstruction had been tried, but the Government of India was convinced that an increase in the number of judges was necessary. They need not fear that the Government of India would abuse the powers, for which it asked.

Mr. Montagu instanced Madras and Bombay, with only seven or eight judges against a maximum of fifteen, also the Bengals with a population of eighty-six millions, where the maximum was now fifteen, whereas England and Wales, with a population of thirty-three millions had thirty-three judges of the High Court.

There was no immediate desire to establish a new court anywhere, said Mr. Montagu, but the Government of India desired to be able to cope with circumstances, which might arise, by a less clumsy method than having to wait for a Parliamentary opportunity to pass an Act, while justice was being delayed. He laid stress on the advantage of a High Court over a Chief Court. It would not be wise to drive the Government of India to choose the establishment of a Chief Court. It was not intended that the number of judges should at any time exceed the number prescribed by the Bill.

The Earl of Ronaldshay approved the Bill, and hoped that the political agitation such as marked the partition of Bengal would not deter the Government of India from establishing a High Court in Eastern Bengal.

Sir John Jardine did not doubt that Indian and European feeling would prefer a High Court to a Chief Court.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald paid a tribute to the High Courts, which, he said, were associated with the best British traditions; but he opposed the Bill. He was of opinion that the Government should do something to stem the flood of litigation.

The House subsequently passed the second reading of the Bill.

Widows' Pensions.

A money resolution was also passed in the anticipation of a Bill, which will be introduced shortly, empowering the Government of India to grant superannuation allowances to the widow and other personal representatives of a civil servant, dying while on active list

CIVIL WAR IN PERSIA.

Ex-Shah Enters Astrabad.

ST. PETERSBURG, JULY 22.

A telegram from Astrabad states that ex-Shah Mahomed Ali entered the town at ten o'clock this morning amidst the booming of guns and the acclamations of the people.

TEHERAN, JULY 22.

The Government has sent a Note to the British and Russian Legations recalling Persia's frequent representations on the subject of the ex-Shah's intrigues since his departure.

Active preparations are being made to-day to organise an expedition against the ex-Shah. The arrangements will be thorough and complete, including cavalry and artillery.

AVIATION.

"Daily Mail" £10,000 Race.

LONDON, JULY 22.

A start was made this afternoon in the *Daily Mail* £10,000 aviation race over a triangular course of a total length of 1,010 miles from London to Stirling, then to Bristol and finishing in London.

There are compulsory stops in twelve of the principal towns, and the same aeroplane must be used throughout.

In intense heat at Brooklands, over twenty competitors started for the preliminary stage, which is from Brooklands to Hendon.

The aviator, named Kemp, was making a practice flight, when a wing of his aeroplane broke and caused the machine to fall. At the time of the accident he was at a great height and had a miraculous escape.

Lieutenant Porte, of the British Navy, came to grief soon after starting. His machine fell from a height of sixty feet and was wrecked. Lieutenant Porte was, however, not hurt.

Beaumont (Lieutenant Conneau) was the first to arrive at Hendon, but Vedrines, who started after Beaumont made the quickest time.

CRICKET AT HOME.

LONDON, JULY 21.

Hampshire defeated Worcestershire by an innings and eight runs.

Barnes has accepted the invitation of the M. C. C. to proceed to Australia with the Test Match Team.

LONDON, JULY 22.

Lancashire beat Sussex, at Manchester, by ten wickets.

Essex to-day beat Surrey at Leyton, by 182 runs.

Northants beat Yorkshire by 44 runs, at Northampton.

Kent beat Middlesex at Maidstone, by seven wickets.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 22.

The death is announced of Sir Percy Bunting.

[Sir Percy Bunting, who was knighted in 1908, was the son of Mr. Thomas Percival Bunting of Manchester and was born in 1836. Since 1882, he had been editor of the "Contemporary Review" and from 1902-7 he was editor of the "Methodist Times."]

WELSH LABOUR TROUBLES.

Troops Ordered to Bristol.

CARDIFF STRIKES ENDED.

THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 22.

In consequence of the spread of labour troubles in Wales, two squadrons of cavalry and a battalion of infantry have been ordered to Bristol.

LONDON, JULY 23.

The Cardiff strikes have been settled. The seamen have come to an arrangement with their employers, who will recognise the Seamen's Union.

Other workers have agreed to resume work on Monday. Their grievances will be considered after the resumption of work.

RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT.

Senate Passes Original Treaty.

WASHINGTON, JULY 22.

The Senate has passed the Reciprocity Agreement in the original form, voting down amendments. President Taft will sign the Agreement to-day.

THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

Received by the King.

LONDON, JULY 23.

King George received the Gaekwar of Baroda, who was accompanied by Sir J. R. Dunlop Smith, at Buckingham Palace yesterday.

WEST SOMERSET BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, JULY 22.

The following is the result of the West Somerset bye-election :—

Mr. Boles (U)	5,025.
Mr. Ward (L)	4,421.
Unionist majority	604

[The Rt. Hon. Sir A. Acland-Hood was unopposed for Somerset West, at the last General Election. At the previous election, 1910, the result was Rt. Hon. Sir A. Acland-Wood (U) 5,216, W. King (L) 4,150, and U majority 1,066.]

BISLEY MEETING.

The King's Prizeman.

LONDON, JULY 22.

In the Bisley contest, the veteran, Sparks of London, won the St. George's Challenge Vase with 143 points.

The King's Prizeman is Clifford, of Canada, with 319 points.

INTERNATIONAL POLO.

America Cup Recovery Fund.

LONDON, JULY 22.

The Duke of Westminster has offered to take over the America Polo Cup Recovery Fund and its ponies.

Hurlingham Club has accepted, and it has been decided to issue a challenge for 1912.

SIR F. YOUNGHUSBAND'S PROGRESS.

LONDON, JULY 23.

Sir Francis Younghusband, who was severly injured owing to his being run down by a motor-car on June 21st, is still improving, but his progress is necessarily slow.

UNIVERSAL RACES CONGRESS.

LONDON, JULY 23.

The Universal Races Congress will be opened in London on Wednesday. The leading idea of the Congress is to discuss the relations of peoples of the West and East.

As a compliment to the East, Mr. Brajendra-Nath Seal, of the Kuch Behar College, will open the Congress.

REMARKABLE COURT CASE.

Superstition and Hidden Treasure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANKIPORE, JULY 22.

A curious case is pending before a Deputy Magistrate of Durbhanga. The complainant is a low caste Hindu; the accused a Brahmin Zemindar. The story of the prosecution is that one night, the complainant found a snake and a beetle together. According to a local superstition, he came to the conclusion that treasure was hidden underneath the earth. He began to dig and after a short while came across a brass utensil filled with coins to the amount of Rs. 1,300. When the landlord of the place heard of this, he took the complainant with the treasure to his house and asked him to call next morning. The complainant went away, leaving the money with the landlord. The next morning when he returned to latter's house, the defendant denied all knowledge of the money.

The trial is proceeding.

THE SARA BRIDGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 22.

The preliminary works on the Sara Bridge have now been practically completed. At the quarries started for supplying stone to the work, 180 lakhs of cubic feet of stone have been collected. Twenty-two lakhs have been brought to the depot on the right bank of the Ganges and 87 lakhs to the left bank. A large amount of English stores has been received, including boilers and generators for power-houses, electric plant, etc., but the work has been delayed by the non-receipt of curbs and caissons for the wells of the piers.

It is regarded as practically certain that Sir Frederick William Borden will succeed Lord Strathcona as High Commissioner in London for Canada.

ROYAL VISIT TO CALCUTTA.

Meeting of Reception Committee.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

The general meeting of the Calcutta Corporation yesterday resolved that the sum of Rs. 5,000 be sanctioned for the illumination of the Town Hall during the visit of Their Majesties.

A largely attended meeting of the Executive Committee of the Royal Reception Fund was held in the rooms of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on Friday afternoon. The Hon. the Maharaja Dhiraj of Burdwan was in the chair. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and confirmed, the names of a large number of noblemen and gentlemen were added to the Executive Committee. The conveners of various sub-committees then submitted their respective reports of work done up-to-date.

Mr. Stewart pointed out that against four lakhs of rupees required only sixty thousand rupees had actually been paid into the Bank of Bengal up to date and only two lakhs of rupees so far had been promised. He, therefore, most strongly endorsed the appeal which had been made by the Chairman to members of the Executive Committee to use all their influence, both individually and collectively, to secure the remainder of the fund required with the least possible delay. It had been suggested to the conveners of the various sub-committees that they should communicate their reports to the Press.

CHILDRENS' ENTERTAINMENT FUND.

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

The Finance Sub-Committee of the Royal Reception Fund has sanctioned Rs. 25,000 for the entertainment of school children which will be spent as follows:—Rs. 10,000 for refreshments, Rs. 10,000 for white-metal medals and Rs. 5,000 for contingencies. It has been resolved to invite 20,000 children of all communities in the schools in Calcutta and its immediate suburbs, and that the school authorities shall be responsible for the conveyance and safe-conduct of the children. The Sub-Committee took steps to obtain designs and estimates for the medals. This has since become unnecessary by reasons of the decision of the Government to strike school-medals at Calcutta and Bombay. If the funds permit, it is proposed to raise the number of children invited. It is also proposed to distribute a permanent souvenir in commemoration of the Imperial Visit which will probably take the shape of a metal box with a map of India on one side and a map of England on the other. A design is being prepared.

Tiny flags are to be presented to the children and unfurled by them as Their Majesties pass. A design of the flag has been prepared by the Maharaja Tagore which has a blue ground in the centre of which is the Star of India with the motto "Heavens light our guide;" in the left-hand top corner a Union Jack according to the standard approved by the Herald's College of Arms as being symbolical of India; on the right-hand top corner will be the King-Emperor's and Queen Empress's heads encircled with Indian corn—a symbol of plenty—and olive branches—representing peace—on the right-hand bottom corner, the armorial bearings of the City of Calcutta and on the left-hand bottom corner the year 1912. Estimates for large supplies of these flags have been called. It has also been proposed to distribute suitable books, but the Committee has not come to any decision as to this.

The Maidan Sub-Committee has been informed that accommodation for 20,000 children will be needed and that the seats should be so arranged as to give the children access to the children's stand from the back streets where their conveyances may be ranged, so that they may not have to mix with the general crowd. The Maidan Committee has also been requested to be good enough to have stands for the twenty schools so constructed that the children may get a full view of the pageants and procession as well as of the ceremonials in the pavilion.

Rai Bahadur Rasmoy Mittra, Head-master of the Hindu School, has been deputed to report on the possibility of arranging the singing of the National Anthem in the vernacular by the children in chorus.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Calcutta Improvement Bill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

A meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council was held this morning at Belvedere. The Acting Lieutenant-Governor, the Hon'ble Mr. F. W. Duke, presided.

The President, in opening the proceedings, referred to the absence of Sir Edward Baker and expressed the hope that before the commencement of another session he would have returned in renewed strength and vigour to preside over their deliberations. They had an important programme of legislation to get through and would particularly miss his guidance in the most important item, the Calcutta Improvement Bill. The measure had been before the Council for a great many years, and he trusted they would now be able to pass it into law and so allow the much-needed improvements to the City of Calcutta to be carried out without further delay. There was also before them the Bengal Local Government Bill designed to make formal changes in the law which have been rendered necessary by the conversion of the Government into Governor-in-Council, and the Orissa Tenancy Bill, and important measure codifying and amending the Landlord and Tenant Law in the districts of the Orissa Division.

The two latter measures were formally introduced, and the Council adjourned.

THE CROPS REPORT.

Outlook Improves.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 22.

Crop telegrams, dated the 15th July, show that the recent rainfall has improved the agricultural prospects, but more rain was badly needed in parts of Central India, Rajputana and the Central Provinces. Some resowing had to be undertaken in these areas. Prices are fairly steady, but show a tendency to rise over the greater part of Northern India. The situation, though improved, is not free from anxiety.

An examination of the rainfall statistics up to July 20 indicates that the amount was in moderate excess in Eastern Bengal and Mysore and in moderate to large defect in north-west India, the central parts of the country and the United Provinces. Elsewhere it was on the whole in slight defect.

LASCAR AGREEMENTS.

Transfers Facilitating between Ships.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 22.

The Government of India in the Commerce and Industry Department has issued the following resolution :—"The Government of India have had under consideration the question of making provision in the form of the Lascar Agreement to enable the transfer of lascars between vessels lying at different ports in the United Kingdom. After consulting the Maritime Local Governments concerned on the subject, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to direct that the following additional stipulations shall be substituted for the second additional stipulation at the foot of the first page of the form of the Lascar Agreement prescribed in the Finance and Commerce Department resolution, dated the 25th March, 1903, as amended by the resolution in the Department of Commerce and Industry, dated the 6th June, 1906.

"An additional stipulation, which must be entered into and signed by the crew in the event of an agreement of the nature specified by Section 125 of the Merchant Shipping Act of 1894 states that the said crew agree on arrival at any port in the United Kingdom to enter into a further agreement approved in the manner prescribed in Section 125 (3) of the Merchant Shipping Act of 1894 to serve as seaman in any ship which may happen to be at any port in the United Kingdom and to be bound to any port in British India provided that, in the case of transfer from a ship in one port to a ship in another port, the crew shall not suffer any loss of wages, nor shall they be called upon to pay the cost of conveyance or other expenses incidental to such transfer.

An additional stipulation which must be entered and signed either by the owner of the vessel or by the master on his behalf is as follows: 'I hereby further agree that in the event of discharge at a port not in British India and not in the United Kingdom, if the employment offered to the said lascars, or other natives, whose names are subscribed on the other side of this sheet, is in a ship sailing from a port in the United Kingdom, or in the event of a transfer from a vessel at the port of arrival in the United Kingdom to a vessel at any other port in the said United Kingdom, in either of those cases, I will provide and pay in advance to the said lascars or other natives the charges to which they may be put on account of the journey to such port and their wages for the time during which they may be in transit, and make good to them any loss or damage which they may suffer in transit, and, I further agree that they shall be transferred only on the terms of an agreement approved in the manner prescribed in Section 125 (3) of the Merchant Shipping Act of 1894, and, otherwise in accordance with the terms of that sub-section and that the fee or fees for such approval shall be paid by me."

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

Meeting in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

A public meeting was held last evening to support Mr. Gokhale's Education Bill, Mr. Surendra Nath Banerji presided. Messrs. A. Choudhuri, Dhannulal Agarwalla, A. C. Banerji, Radha Charan Pal, D. C. Ghose and others spoke.

Professor Jitendra Nath Banerji, in supporting a resolution, strongly condemned those opposing the Bill on the ground that the proposed education cess should be raised from landlords whom he described as "vampires of the Empire and as growing fat by sucking the blood of the poor."

Mr. Surendra Nath Banerji called the speaker to order. Several speakers who followed objected to the remarks of Professor Jitendra Nath Banerji in his speech.

At the conclusion of the meeting, the Chairman said that educated Indians were the representatives of the uneducated masses and they should try their utmost to infuse education among the masses. He deplored the attitude of one of the speakers who condemned the Zemindars. It was a grievous wrong done to a community which had always tried to help the poor and among whom there were numerous representatives of the middle classes. There should not be any voice of calumny, discord or abuse.

The speaker went on: "We are here to fight the battle of the poor and we should be united in fighting our battle." Mr. Banerji further said that in his opinion the imposition of the cess should be made obligatory and he had the fullest sympathy with the compulsion clause, so long as the police did not interfere. In conclusion, Mr. Banerji said : "We want to uplift the masses and make them prosperous and happy. This movement is part and parcel of the wider movement of elevating the depressed classes. The educated community do not want to stand aloof, we want to be associated with the masses who are bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh. We are resolved to spread primary education from village to village, from town to town and from province to province, and we will not rest content until we rejoice in our success."

MR. GOKHALE IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, JULY 22.

Mr. Gokhale arrived this morning in Madras from Poona and was accorded an enthusiastic reception at the Central Station. He will speak this evening at the inaugural meeting of the Madras Elementary Education League and will attend a dinner at the Connemara Hotel. To-morrow a morning, the members of the South Indian Association will entertain him, and, in the evening, he will lecture on the needs and responsibilities of public life.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale is expected here on the morning of 30th July next to discuss with the local leaders on the subject of the Elementary Education Bill introduced by him in the Imperial Legislative Council. He will address a public meeting when the principles of the Bill will be discussed.

The Secretary of State for War has, by desire of His Majesty the King, conveyed the following expression of the King's satisfaction with the military arrangements made for the Coronation to Field-Marshal Viscount Kitchener, who commanded the troops :—"Buckingham Palace, June 29, 1911.—I have great pleasure in expressing to you my entire satisfaction with the military arrangements made for the Coronation and for the Progresses of June 23 and 29. I was much struck by the excellent appearance and bearing of the troops under your command.—George R. I."

BIG MINING ACCIDENT AT KOLAR.

Great Loss of Life Feared.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 23.

A report to the effect that a disastrous mining accident had occurred at the Kolar Gold Fields was prevalent in Bangalore this morning. An enquiry from Mr. Wetherell, Secretary to the Mysore Government in the Geological Department, this afternoon, has elicited the following authentic information.

On Tuesday last the biggest accident that has ever happened at Kolar occurred by an air blast in Rowes Shaft, Champion Reefs, about 20 coolies being so far known to be killed and 8 injured. Over 100 feet of solid rock which was blown out must be removed before the actual loss of life can be ascertained. The tram line in the level (between the 22nd and 23rd) in which the blast occurred has been raised 3 feet and is practically closed on all sides. The resultant earthquake seemed to shake all the bungalows and other buildings to their foundations. All hands are working against terrific odds to restore normal conditions and are opposed by an overpowering odour arising from the decomposing bodies below. The European staff are unable with the most powerful disinfectants to remain below the surface longer than fifteen minutes at a time.

An official communique is to be issued by the Mysore Government as soon as possible on the subject of the accident.

STRANGE POLICE COURT INCIDENT.

Mahomedan's Mysterious Arrest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 22.

Yesterday, much diversion was caused before Mr. Keays, the Second Presidency Magistrate, when a Mahomedan was placed in the dock, who had been in custody for the last four days. He stated that he did not know why he had been arrested. The question, who had arrested him, then engaged the attention of the Magistrate. Sergeant Afyros of the Reserve Police said it was not he that had arrested the man nor did he know why he had been taken into custody. No light was thrown on the point as to why and by whom the Mahomedan had been arrested nor why he had been kept in custody for the last four days. The Magistrate discharged the man with an expression of regret that an innocent man should have been treated as he had been. He directed a copy of his order to be sent to the Commissioner of Police.

A SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

Revision of Sentence Sought.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 22.

Before the District Magistrate of Hanthawaddy an application has been filed on behalf of Mangalu the herdsman who was recently shot by one H Davis, as a result of which serious injuries were caused to the applicant, to revise the order of the Sub-divisional Magistrate at Insein sentencing the accused to a ten rupees' fine only for an alleged serious offence.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 22.

The Government of India have sanctioned the adoption by the Officers of Gurkha Regiments of lines for wear with the full dress helmet as is worn by the British Rifle Regiments.

Sanction has been accorded to the formation, during 1912, of a summer camp at Manora near Naini Tal for the accommodation of 150 men.

The Government of India have decided that the Commanding Officers of British and Indian Infantry units and of Sapper and Miner Companies, also majors and captains of Indian Mountain Batteries detailed for the field Army who keep duly registered second chargers should be allowed, during peace time, free veterinary treatment for such chargers.

Lieutenant E. V. Watson, No. 5 Mountain Battery, has been posted to No. 3 Depot, Plymouth.

Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell, Commanding the 45th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, will be transferred to the 11th Brigade in October next.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

The following orders are issued by Major-General J. B. Woon, C. B., Commanding the Southern Army from Head-Quarters at Ootacamund on July 18, 1911 :—

Staff.—To officiate as Colonel-on-the-Staff Commanding Ahmednagar Brigade. Lieutenant-Colonel G. Downing, 1st Battalion The Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

Colonel G. deS. DeLisle, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, vice Brigadier-General E. T. Gastrell, granted combined leave.

33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry.—Captain M. H. Anderson, Squadron Commander pro tem, is confirmed in that appointment, vice Major A. J. W. Browne appointed Commandant.

98th Infantry.—Major F. Fisher, Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major C. C. Renton granted leave or until further orders.

The undermentioned Officer is granted 60 days' privilege leave, with effect from 13th July 1911 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel L. P. Carden, Royal Garrison Artillery, officiating in Command Aden Brigade.

BURMA CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 23.

At the third session of the Burma Agricultural and Co-operative Conference at Mandalay, the question of distributive co-operation was discussed. A general feeling in favour of the introduction of this branch of co-operation was displayed. It was decided that the only practicable method would be for village societies to deal with some central agency in Mandalay. The Vice-Chairman of the Mandalay Central Bank stated his willingness to confer with the heads of village societies to embark on this form of co-operation with a view to evolving some practical scheme, and this offer was accepted.

The second Sub-Committee meeting dealt with the question of housing and tending cattle and was agreed to form village cattle committees on the lines of Education Committees. The meeting also approved the principle of cattle insurance and promised to promote the establishment of societies formed for this purpose. Rinderpest was to be included within the scope of insurance.

At the meeting to consider the subject of agriculture and co-operation in education which followed, the following amongst other resolutions were carried :—"That a manual be prepared for the use of teachers dealing with agricultural subjects and nature studies of the type adapted to the country and that the introduction of the system of school gardens as integral part of the educational curriculum was eminently desirable for the efficient teaching of nature studies."

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

The following messages, which appeared in the Australian papers to hand yesterday morning, are later than those which came by the English mail:—

A Steamer Aground.

Vancouver, July 7.

The steamer Santa Rosa, on board of which were 290 passengers, has run aground. When the vessel struck, a panic occurred, and many women and children wanted to jump overboard. All the passengers, however, have been safely landed.

San Francisco, July 8.

It is reported here that 14 sailors lost their lives when endeavouring to get ashore from the stranded steamer Santa Rosa.

A passenger accuses the master of the steamer, Captain Fari, with having acted in a brutal manner. He asserts that when the disaster occurred, Captain Fari stood on the bridge armed, threatening the passengers who desired to be sent ashore. It was only when the vessel began to break up and the male passengers went in a body to the captain and threatened violence that preparations were made to save those on board.

San Francisco, July 9.

The story that the captain of the Santa Rosa brutally treated the passengers is now stated, to be untrue. Latest reports state that only four lives were lost. The rescued passengers declare that the mismanagement of the steamer's officers caused the disaster.

The King's Swimming Cup.

London, July 8.

The first test in connection with the King's Cup was decided at the Bath Club yesterday, when E. G. Findlay (W.A.) was first, with 15 points; Otto Schiele (Germany) second, with 10 points; and Atkinson (New Zealand) third, with 8 points.

The Overseas Dominions' team won a heat of the Six Hundred Yards Teams' Race by a touch.

London, July 9.

There was an enormous crowd of people at Highgate Ponds to witness the completion of the King's Cup contest. Findlay was again successful, and won the cup. He increased his points to 30. Schiele was second, with 20 points; Blatherwick (14 points) third, Atkinson (10 points) fourth, and Champion (New Zealand) fifth, with six points.

Johnston, of Canada, won the Hundred and Ten Yards Handicap for overseas visitors, Draper, (Canada), being second, Cadet Furnis (N. S. W.) third, and Hardwick (N. S. W.) fourth.

An Australian team, consisting of Woodger and Skeet (New Zealand), Stewart (Tasmania), and Wheatley (Victoria), won the Mile Relay Race.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The following is a list of business to be brought forward at a meeting of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay to be held in the Council Hall, Poona, to-morrow (Tuesday).

New Members:—

New Additional Members will make the oath or solemn affirmation and take their seats.

Questions asked by Honourable Members and the answers thereto:—

(A list of questions and answers is printed separately and laid on the Council Table).

Presentation of the Budget of the Government of Bombay for the year 1911-1912.

Bills:—

1. A Bill further to amend the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869—First Reading.

2. A Bill to amend the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, 1879, and the Bombay Repealing and Amending Act, 1910—First Reading.

Discussion of matters of general public interest.

Resolution by the Honourable Mr. Abdul Husein Adamjee Peerbhoy:—

That the Governor in Council may be pleased to enforce existing legislation, if any, and to introduce such further legislation as may be necessary for restricting the slaughter of cattle, for purposes other than that of human consumption, i.e., for trade purposes such as for extracting fat, hides, bones and horns.

Papers to be presented to the Council:—

1. Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 1399, dated the 20th April, 1911—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Aden Port Trust (Amendment) Law, 1911.

2. Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 1735, dated the 2nd June, 1911—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Law further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

3. Petition from the Bombay Bhatia Mitra Mandal, dated the 23rd June, 1911, regarding the Bill for the Registration of Charities.

QUESTIONS TO GOVERNMENT.

Among the questions to be put to Government at the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council at Poona on Tuesday next are the following:—

The Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta:—

Will Government be pleased to lay before the Council the letter recently addressed by them to the Stewards of the Western India Turf Club on the subject of racing in Bombay and Poona?

Will Government be pleased to state whether any and what steps are proposed to be taken, so far as the Bombay Presidency is concerned, for the creation of an independent medical profession in India in pursuance of Lord Morley's Despatch of 1908 in that behalf?

Will they be pleased to state whether it is in contemplation to throw open some of the high posts at the Grant Medical College and the Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy and Motlibai Hospitals to members of the local Indian Medical profession outside the Indian Medical Service?

The Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad:—

Will Government be pleased to state whether the allegation made in the "Times of India" and other papers to the effect that in the Press note dealing with the control of racing, Government had altered their original proposals is correct?

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim:—

Will Government be pleased to state when the town-planning scheme will be undertaken in Salsette?

Will Government be pleased to state whether there are any possibilities of their undertaking a scheme for the development of Uran as a Residential Area?

Will Government be pleased to state why there has been such a long delay in the construction of the Sind-Bombay Railway, in regard to which surveys have been completed more than once, and which is as necessary in the public interest, and in the interests of the Mercantile Community as from a strategic point of view?

The Hon'ble Mr. Abdul Husein Adamji Peerbhoy:—

Are Government aware that in spite of constant prosecutions and sentences of heavy fines, trade in illicit importation and possession of cocaine is on the increase in the City of Bombay to the great detriment of the ignorant and poorer classes of the people?

Will Government be pleased to consider the advisability of instructing Magistrates to resort to the infliction of sentences of rigorous incarceration for long periods on persons convicted of this crime, or if possible to the eviction of such persons from the City of Bombay, for such periods as may be considered necessary, in view of securing the desired check on this deplorable traffic?

The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas Mehta:—

Will Government be pleased to say whether they have noticed the increase in the consumption of opium in the Bombay Presidency?

Will Government be pleased to say what action has been taken in view of the increase?

A frontier correspondent reports that considerable excitement exists in Bajour owing to the treacherous seizure of the Khan of Barwa by the Nawab of Dir. This is the outcome of some tribal fighting at the beginning of the present month.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana.

FIRST WIN OF THE SEASON.

The Bombay Gymkhana gained their first victory of the season on Saturday last, when they defeated the B. B. and C. I. Railway team by a substantial margin. The Railway team is considered one of the strongest combinations in Bombay, and though on this occasion they were without the services of Warden and Balu, their first bowlers, who are absent in England, this loss was to some extent compensated for by the inclusion in their team of S. F. Madon, who on several occasions has played for the Parsis against the Presidency, and who in the Spencer Challenge Cup competition headed the bowling tables last year. The Railwaymen, who had the first knock at the wickets, failed to achieve anything against the Gymkhana attack which was delivered by Milne and Halliley, who secured the handsome analyses of 5 for 49 and 4 for 32 respectively. The overnight rain had rendered the wicket somewhat difficult and the ball often kicked up awkwardly, but notwithstanding the assistance they thus received, the two bowlers bowled remarkably well. Polishwalla and Nagporewalla were the only two batsmen on the visitors' side who seemed to meet the Gymkhana bowling with anything like confidence, the innings of the rest being more or less of a procession to and from the wickets. They lost nine wickets for 58, but Nagporewalla hit out and with the assistance of Madon added 29 for the last wicket, saving his side from what at one time looked like a complete batting failure.

The Gymkhana also opened none too auspiciously, losing a fine bat like Christie when they had made only 1, and matters were certainly not improved when they lost four more wickets with an addition of only 38 to the total, and the sixth when the score had reached only 60. Then, however, came a long stand by Phillips and Purcell, whose partnership realised 71, and Purcell and Watts then added 29, their wickets being still intact when stumps were drawn. Purcell and Phillips gave a chance each; otherwise they played excellent cricket. Their respective contributions of 45 and 40 included five fours, and coming as they did when the other batsmen had been faring badly were of much greater value than the figures would suggest. F. F. Stileman also played fine cricket for his 26, and Watts' breezy innings of 22 was the most attractive batting display from the spectators' point of view. The Gymkhana fielding was excellent, in marked contrast to that of the Railway team, who missed some four or five chances in the course of the home team's innings. On the Gymkhana side Watts especially fielded brilliantly, converting on several occasions what looked like certain boundaries into singles. The scores:—

P. B. & C. I. RY. C. C.

F Colabawalla, c Purcell, b Milne ...	7
D K Telang, c Stileman, b Milne... ...	9
K A Date, c Halliley, b Milne ...	0
G H Radcliffe, b Halliley	6
J Antia (Jnr.), c Milne, b Halliley...	1
P N Polishwalla, c Watts, b Milne	16
S Thakoor, l-b-w, b Milne... ...	0
J Antia (Sr.), c Purcell, b Halliley	10
N R Medley, c Christie, b Halliley	4
M B Nagporewalla, c Halliley, b Purcell...	24
S F Madon, not out...	6
Extras	4
Total	87

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

F R R Brooke, (Capt), retired ...	2
E E Christie, c Antia (Jnr), b Madon	1
F F Stileman, b Antia (Sr.) ...	26
R T MacKenzie, c Antia (Sr), b Madon	2
W T Halliley, c Thakoor, b Madon	4
G G James, l b w, b Antia (Sr)	9
G C Phillips, c Radcliffe, b Polishwalla	40
V E Purcell, not out	45
T H Watts, not out...	22
J S Milne ... } Did not bat.	
C G Stileman ... }	
Extras	9
Total (for 7 wkts)	160

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

P. B. & C. I. RY.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Milne	16	49	3	5
Halliley	15	32	6	4
Purcell	3	2	0	1
Bombay Gymkhana.				
Date	9	37	0	0
Madon	17	50	4	3
Antia (Sr.) ...	9	36	1	2
Polishwalla... ...	3	28	0	1

POONA GYMKHANA vs. POONA VOLUNTEERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, July 22.

The Poona Volunteers succeeded in lowering the colours of the local Gymkhana after a two days' match played here on Friday and Saturday. Scores:—

POONA VOLUNTEERS—1st Innings.

Mr Driver, b Southey	3
Mr P Chotia, c and b Burnham ...	40
Mr A Wadia, l b w, b Burnham...	12
Mr A Just, b Burnham... ...	18
Mr P Eldridge, run out, b Burnham	9
Mr P J Chinoy, b Southey ...	9
Mr P H Davar, c and b Southey	0
Mr Dadiseth, b Burnham ...	28
Mr Umrigar, b Southey ...	6
Mr Sooi, not out	0
Mr E Brown, b Burnham ...	0
Extras ...	15
Total	140

POONA GYMKHANA—1st Innings.

Capt E J Haughton, b Davar ...	0
Capt C J Davis, b Umrigar ...	55
Major W Southey, c Davar, b Umrigar	2
Col H Rosher, l-b-w, b Umrigar...	13
Mr G B Burnham, b Sooi ...	43
Mr C F Stoche, c Dadiseth, b Sooi	16
Maj G G Humphrey, st Chenoy, b Umrigar	6
Capt A D Noake, st Chenoy, b Umrigar	0
Capt W Clemson, b Sooi ...	2
Mr H F Hudson, l-b-w, b Sooi ...	6
Mr G N Ford, not out... ...	3
Extras ...	10
Total	156

POONA VOLUNTEERS—2nd Innings.

Mr P J Chenoy, b Burnham ...	16
Mr P Davar, b Southey ...	0
Mr Eldridge, b Southey ...	0
Mr P Chotia, b Southey ...	95
Mr Just, b Southey	34
Mr A Wadia, b Burnham ...	2
Mr Dadiseth, b Southey ...	9
Mr H C Driver, c and b Burnham	1
Mr Sooi, not out	14
Mr Umrigar, c and b Burnham ...	10
Mr A Brown, did not bat	
Extras ...	19
Total	200

POONA GYMKHANA—2nd Innings.

Capt C J Davis, b Umrigar ...	0
C F Stoche, c Dadiseth, b Umrigar	7
Capt E J Haughton, b Davar ...	33
Mr G B Burnham, st Chenoy, b Umrigar...	4
Major W M Southey, st Chenoy, b Umrigar	3
Col H Rosher, b Davar ...	10
Mr G N Ford, c and b Umrigar...	0
Maj C G Humphreys, run out ...	19
Capt A D Naake, st Chinoy, b Umrigar	30
Capt W Clemson, not out ...	2
Mr H F Hudson, b Davar... ...	1
Extras	10
Total	119

P. & O. vs. Y. M. C. A. "B" TEAM.

This match was played on Saturday, on the Oval. The P. and O. won easily by 88 runs, V. D. Pai playing a fine innings of 81 not out and also taking six wickets for 10 runs. Scores:—

P. & O. C. C.

Pai V D, not out	81
Pass R V, b Peter	24
Stephens H N, l-b-w... ...	2
Kendall H M, l-b-w ...	1
J DeSouza, b Breslaur... ...	0
Barnes B D, not out ...	11
Pereira ... ... } Did not bat.	
A DeSouza ... ... }	
Khanderao ... ... }	
Gujanan ... ... }	
Antoba ... ... }	
Extras...	1
Total	120

Innings declared closed

Y. M. C. A. "B" TEAM.

White A S, b DeSouza	0
Willmor F F, b Pai V D ...	0
Peter A, retired	2
Farrington A H, c Gujanan, b Pai	3
King S H, c Pereira, b DeSouza	14
Walton G, b Pai	0
Tapsell H, c Kendall, b Pai ...	4
Preslaur L, b DeSouza... ...	0
King A, not out	2
Cellier G, c Pereira, b Pai ...	0
Sassoon J, b Pai	0
Extras ...	6
Total	32

COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA vs. LUSITANIAN C. C.

This match was played on Saturday, at the Oval and resulted in a win for Lusitanian. Scores:—

COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA C. C.

R E Fisher, c Saldanha, b Pais ...	2
A Ramsay, c Fernandes, b Pais ...	2
E Wilson, b Dominic	3
A M Berker, run out	0
R Briscol, Ferrao, b Pais ...	5
R H Grundy, run out	12
C B Banks, b Pais	0
C H Crole Reis (Capt) c Walker, b Pais...	6
V Foulson, c Fred, b Dominic ...	2
Wheeler, not out	1
Bryce, run out	2
Extras...	4
Total...	39

LUSITANIAN C. C.

A Vaz, c Reis, b Briscoe	19
J P Braganca, b Grundy	5
J F Pais, c and b Briscoe	55
M Saldanha (Capt) c Reis, b Barker	14
J C Ferrao, run out...	13
F J DeMello, not out	4
D D'Souza ... ... } Did not bat.	
C Fernandes ... }	
J Walker ... ... }	
S DeSouza ... ... }	
F DeSouza ... ... }	
Extras... ...	13
Total...	123

G. I. P. RAILWAY STORES vs. YOUNG HINDUS.

This match was played at Marine Lines on Saturday, and resulted in a win for the G. I. P. Railway Stores. Scores:—

G. I. P. STORES.

Shamro, c S M Dalve, b M H Kirtikar ...	9
Molone, c Kirtikar, b S M Dalve	28
R James, c B M Dalve, b W Kirtikar ...	6
P Malone, c S M Dalve, b M H Kirtikar...	34
P Hill, b W B Kirtikar	28
H E Iels, b M H Kirtikar ...	4
V Romer, st Dhiryavan, b W B Kirtikar...	6
A T Pegge, b M H Kirtikar ...	3
Hunter, b W B Kirtikar ...	0
Bulsara, st WD Dhiryavan, b WB Kirtikar	2
H Suelbkez, not out	1
Extras ...	16
Total	127

YOUNG HINDUS.

S M Jadhav, c C Malve, b Romer	7
M V Kirtikar, st Leis, b Romer...	41
V O Talpade, b Romer ...	3
A H Kirtikar, st Leis, b Romer...	0
W D Dhiryavan, l-b w, b Romer	4
S M Dalvi, b Romer	0
W Kirtikar, b Romer... ...	1
B W Dalvi, b C Malone ...	7
K N Dhiryavan, b Romer ...	4
R B Kirtikar, not out... ...	8
M H Kirtikar, b C Malone ...	4
Extras ...	15
Total	94

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

Royal Warwicks vs. R. G. A.

On Saturday evening on the Cooperage, Bombay, the team of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, who stand out as an example of how football should be played, met the present runners-up in the Harwood League, the Royal Garrison Artillery. On form it seemed safe to predict a win for the former, but the Gunners always play a better game against a good team. A start was made punctually at half-past five, and, despite a shower before the game, a large attendance occupied the stand and chairs in the enclosure. A noticeable feature of the game was the improvement in the R. G. A. team, markedly in the forward line. On the other hand, the Warwicks' forwards seemed to lack their usual dash in the earlier stages of the game. In the second half after the Warwicks had scored their first goal, the R.G.A. became demoralised and this robbed the second period of much of its interest. Having once maintained a lead, the infantry team won easily.

Play opened briskly with a dash by the Artillery men, but Lieut. Brooke allowed the ball to go into touch and the Artillery backs cleared. For a brief space the Warwicks retaliated, but the R.G.A., who were playing a better combination game than they have done before this season, again rushed their opponents' defence and Smart twice in succession had to save dangerous shots from Hunt and McConaghy. Once more the Warwicks made a forward rush and Watson tested Leary with a low shot but the Gunners' custodian was equal to the occasion. The R.G.A., who were still playing a distinctly good aggressive game, took up the attack and Smart effected some brilliant saves, one from a centre by Fleming being especially fine. Smart undoubtedly deserved praise, for so keenly did the Artillery press that, on more than one occasion, when the Warwicks' backs had been passed, he kept his stronghold intact. At last the infantry forward line seemed to "find" themselves and gave the Gunners' backs an anxious time, which was not unaccompanied by rough play. Kenney was warned for a foul charge; and, although Parkes made a desperate effort to aid the resultant free-kick into the net, Leary got rid of the ball in time. Play was still fast and interesting, but more even than at the start. Then, just before half-time, Winsper got away with the ball and put in a hard shot which hit the cross-bar and re-bounded into play. An exciting moment ensued, but at last Turner cleared. At the interval there was no score:

R. Warwicks........................... nil
Royal Garrison Artillery.............. nil

On a restart being made, the infantrymen almost at once entered their opponents' territory and after a few minutes' uneventful play, Winsper and Hillier, in a combined run, almost got through. Soon after, during a tussle round the goal-mouth Matthews put in a long, low shot which went into the corner of the net. Leary could not have been expected to save it as his view was obstructed. This seemed to give the Warwicks confidence, and, after a somewhat feeble attempt by Winsper when unopposed, Westall came in from the wing and gave his side a second goal with a close-range shot. The same player soon afterwards notched a third point, although strongly tackled by Turner. Then a clever left wing run was made by Lieut. Brooke but Smart saved his centre and the Warwicks got the ball again. Westall went away on the wing but was fouled in the area and Turrall scored from the resultant penalty-kick. The Gunners appeared to have lost the dash which characterised their opening play and Westall scored once more, Leary running out in his attempt to save. A sixth goal followed from a corner, Leary misjudging the shot. A penalty was now given against Kenney for "hands" in the area and once again Turrall scored. The decision seemed somewhat drastic as the foul could hardly have been considered intentional as seen from the stand. Towards the close of play, the Gunners made more than one effort to score, but Smart was never in difficulties and cleared all shots that came his way. When the whistle called time the score stood:—

R. Warwicks..............................7 goals.
Royal Garrison Artillery.................nill.

The teams were:—

R. Warwicks:—Goal, Smart; backs, Baker and Bench; half-backs, Jarvis, Matthews and Turrall; forwards, Watson, Parkes, Winsper, Hillier and Westall.

R.G.A.:—Goal, Leary; backs, Turner and Kenney; half-backs, McDermott, Clark, and Stewart; forwards, Fleming, Roke, Hunt, McConaghy and Lieut. Brooke.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League:—

	P	W.	L.	D.	Goals For	Goals Agst.	Pts.
R. Warwicks	8	8	0	0	55	1	16
R. G. A.	8	5	2	1	22	14	11
Bombay F. C.	8	4	2	2	16	10	10
Bombay Gymkhana	8	3	3	2	25	12	8
Telegraphs	8	3	5	0	7	19	6
Byculla Ry. Institute......	8	2	5	1	4	29	5
Y. M. C. A.	8	2	6	0	4	18	4
B. V. A.	8	1	5	2	2	32	4

RACING.

Calcutta Monsoon Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The following are the results of the races in the Calcutta first Monsoon Meeting. The weather was very oppressive. The finish in the fourth race between "Royal Colours" and "Elpis" was an exciting one. Favourites won in "Tommy Daw" and "Loch Lily" and "Royal Colours"; Mahomy Boy was the second favourite, but May Kenley lost the public much money.

PONY PLATE:—Distance 5 furlongs: (Winner Rs. 750).

Colonel Wilson's, Miss Clare (9st)..................Ruiz 1
Mr Valentine's May Kenley (9st 2lbs)...Mr Evers 2
Mr Dass' Sidonia (8st 7lbs) ....Bloss 3

Also Ran:—Guide, 9st; Rarity, 7st 8lbs.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—1min. 8secs.

Betting:—6 to 4 on May Kenley, 3 to 1 against Miss Clare, 8 to 1 Sidonia and Guide, 20 to 1 Rarity.

HURDLE RACE:—1 1-2 miles over six flights: (Winner Rs. 1,500).

Mr Walker's Tommy Daw (10st 8lbs)....Mr Evers 1
Captain Houston's April Fool (10st 8lbs)...Mc Neilage 2
Miss Butlan's Mimicry (10st 3lbs).......Mr Barrow 3

Also Ran:—Craigendorrie, 10st 3lbs (fell).

Won by 4 lengths, 6 lengths between second and third. Time—3mins.

Betting:—6 to 4 against Craigendorrie and Tommy Daw, 3 to 1 against April Fool, 18 to 1 against Mimicry.

AMATEUR PONY HURDLE PLATE:—1 mile, 2 1-2 furlongs, over six flights; (Winner Rs. 500.)

Mr McCall's Loch Lily (11st 2lbs).......Mr Evers 1
Mr Robertson's Lola (10st 6lbs) ....Mr Platt 2
Mr Miles's Domino (11st) ....Mr Perkins 3

Also Ran:—Marconi, 12st; Ormby, 11st; Convent Girl, 9st 10lbs; Minnie, 8st 12lbs; Glenlivet, 10st 8lbs.

Won by 8 lengths, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—2mins. 38secs.

Betting:—6 to 4 Marconi, 3 to 1 against Domino, 6 to 1 against Lola, longer prices the rest.

SUMMER PLATE:—Five furlongs, (Winner Rs. 1,500.)

Mr Deakin's Royal Colours (8st 7lbs) ....Ruiz 1
Mr Dass' Elpis (8st 12lbs) ....Bloss 2
Mr Pratt's Winsome (8st 7lbs) ....Owner 3

Also Ran:—Wise Hawk, 9st 10lbs; Light Metal, 9st 3lbs; Atropine, 8st 7lbs; Wallinywk, 8st 7lbs.

Won by 3-4 of a length, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—1min. 6 3-5secs.

Betting:—6 to 4 on Royal Colours, 4 to 1 against Winsome and Elpis, any price the rest.

AMATEUR PLATE:—Six furlongs (Winner Rs. 500.)

Captain Brough's Mahomy Boy, (11st).........Mr Evers 1
Mr Pugh's Tokalon, (11st) ....Owner 2
Mr Bletsoe's Lady Thirza, (11st) ....Mr Bryan 3

Also Ran:—Moltke, 11st; Reinforcement, 11st; Suffragette, 11st; Black Prince, 11st; Goldstream, 11st; Loyalty, 11st; Cairo, 11st; and Ocean, 11st.

Betting:—6 to 4 against Mahomy Boy, even money Tokalon, any price the rest.

KIRKEE GYMKHANA MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, July 22.

The interest evinced by the Government of Bombay in racing was convincingly proved at both the days of Kirkee Gymkhana Races. Not only did His Excellency Sir George Clarke present a cup, but the Hon'ble Mr. Lamb, the Hon'ble Mr. Morrison and Hon'ble Mr. Chaubal also presented prizes and so far evinced their interest as to countenance it with their presence. There was a large gathering present at the course this evening, which included quite a large number of punters from Bombay, so that the solitary bookmakers must have a fairly good day. Their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Clarke were unavoidably absent on the present occasion, but Hon'ble Mr. Lamb and Hon. Mr. Chaubal helped to maintain the sporting traditions of the Bombay Presidency as the leading Province in this respect in India. Details:—

DESERT PLATE.—Half mile:—

Mr. Dara Cawasjee's Framroze 8st 5lbs...Ferguson 1
Mr. Brain's Balkan 8st 12lbs.......................Mujeed 2

Betting:—Framroze opened at 5 to 2, but was wiped out, 3 to 2 against Balkan.

The Race:—Won by half a length. Time—55 1-5secs.

CLUB PLATE.—2 1-2 furlongs:—

Mr C C Watson's Wee Nan 11st 9lbs......Wilson 1
Capt Alderson's Kooyang 12st..................Owner 2
Aga Cassim Shah's Blue Bell 10st 4lbs...Captain Coaker 3

Also Ran:—Deputy, 9st 12lbs.

Betting:—7 to 4 on Wee Nan, 5 to 4 against Konyang, 6 to 1 Blue Bell, 8 to 1 Deputy.

The Race.—Konyang was shut in on the post and was beaten by 1 1-2 lengths. Time—32 4-5secs.

GOVERNOR'S CUP—(1st Division), one mile:—

Colonel Logan-Home's Curlew 9st 7lbs......Capt O'Brien Butler 1
Mr Randall's Damson 12st.......................Owner 2
Capt Taylor's Kilworth 11st 2lbs............Captain Alderson 3

Also Ran:—Prince Charming, 10st 11lbs.

Betting:—6 to 4 on Curlew, 3 to 2 on Damson 3 to 1 Kilworth, 8 to 1 Prince Charming.

The Race:—Won by 6 lengths. Time—2mins. 2 4-5secs.

TUM TUM STAKES.—7 furlongs.

Mrs Dyson's the Drudge, 40 yards start...Captain O'Brien Butler 1
Captain Heahy's Hotujee (scratch)..........Owner 2
Mrs Davie's Khurdie 50 yards.........Mr Wilson 3

Also Ran.—The Nut (30 yards), the Lilian (30 yards), Happy Jack (60 yards), the Brat (80 yards), Adolphus (100 yards.)

Betting.—6 to 4 the Drudge, 2 to 1 against Khurdie, 4 to 1 Hotujee and the Brat, fives and sixes the rest.

The Race:—Won by 8 lengths, a neck between second and third. No time taken.

GOVERNOR'S CUP.—(2nd Division), 1 mile.

Captain G Lucas's War Cloud, 12st 7lbs......Mr Wilson 1
Mr Max Rommel's Better Luck, 10st 10lbs...Owner 2
Captain M Leahy's Small Scotch 10st 7lbs. Captain O'Brien Butler 3

Also Ran:—Monica, 8st 13lbs.

Betting:—5 to 2 on War Cloud, 3 to 2 against Small Scotch, 3 to 1 Better Luck and Monica.

The Race:—Won by 10 lengths, 4 lengths between second and third. Time 1min. 55 3-5 secs.

THE NEW PLATE.—Half mile:—

Mr. Valji Moosajee's Mishriff 8st 1lb......Mujeed 1
Mr. Abdulla Mahala's Dimshak 7st 6lbs.......Etul 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Mujahid 7st 12lbs...Fergusson 3

Betting:—6 to 4 on Mujahid and Nelson, 2 to 1 against Mishriff, 6 to 1 Murwan, eights Golden Day and Dimshak.

The Race:—Won by half a length, two lengths between second and third. Time—54 4-5secs.

LAWN PLATE:—2 1-2 furlongs.

Mr A H M Wilson's, Daulat 11st 5lbs......Owner 1
Captain G P Morris's Glendale II 12st Owner 2
Mr A G Armstrong's Galloper (10st 5lbs)......... Mr Johnstone 3

Also Ran:—Secundra 10st.

Betting:—6 to 4 on Glendale, 3 to 2 Daulat, 4 to 1, Secunders, 6 to 1 Galloper.

The Race:—Won by 6 lengths, 3 lengths between second and third.—Time—34secs.

FOOTBALL IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 22.

In the third round of the Calcutta Shield Competition the Moslems, an Indian Team, lost badly to the East Yorks by 7 goals to 1.

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery to the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, July 23.

There has been no increase in rainfall except in Burma. Few showers occurred in South Rajputana. Depression lying yesterday in Burma has passed into bay, but at present of little importance. Tavoy reports six inches; Toungoo and Kyaukpyu three; Moulmein, Bhamo, Tezpur and Cherrapunji, two; Silchar four, and Jalpaiguri one and a half.

The forecast shows a decrease in rainfall in the interior of Burma and an increase in Assam. An increase is possible also on the Konkan coast.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 23.

A telegram from Kulu states that fresh snow, most unusual at this time of the year, has just fallen on higher ranges which does not seem likely to expedite in the rush of the monsoon.

WEATHER AT SEA.

The steamer "Hilliaz," Captain M. Berg, which arrived in harbour on Saturday from Bangkok via Singapore and Colombo, reports having encountered bad weather. The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer "Lindula," Captain R. G. Dagge, which arrived in harbour on Saturday, from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, met with fresh monsoon.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplanade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Ct
Previously registered	24·91	24·45	24·48	23·37
Sunday, 23rd July	0·00	0·28	0·21	0·10
Total	24·91	24·73	24·69	23·47
Same date last year	31·34	27·50	27·12	26·20

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, July 22.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
Cumballa Hill ...	In. cts. 0·00	In. cts. 21·65	In. cts. 50·57	In. cts. 29·29

During the Week ending 15th July, 1911.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Alot	6	41	Gangapur	3	44
Pachpahar	8	80	Bindaun	3	47
Kotah	4	34	Bayana	5	61
Indargarh	2	57	Bharatpur	0	98½

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.

Rainfall Station Matheran Week ending 21st July, 1911.	Inc.	Cts.
Week's Total	04	51
Previous Total	57	19
Total Fall from 1st Jan...	61	70

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 22ND JULY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 22nd July, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the south-west and north Punjab and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal at Multan and in defect at the other stations. Maximum temperature is in excess except at Multan; the minimum is also above normal at Delhi and Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual. Temperature continues in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of west Rajputana, and lightly to moderately elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in Rajputana. Maximum temperature is in excess except at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat records 0·10" of rain. Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal in Cutch and on the Kathiawar Coast and in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess in north Gujarat and the eastern half of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess.

The Konkan.—Bombay records 0·10" of rain, Mormugao 0·24" and Karwar 0·26". Skies are moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Ratnagiri. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at some stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been very light on the west coast of the Peninsula; over the rest of the reporting area weather appears to have been generally rainless except for very light showers at Surat and Bangalore.

Local rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula. Some duststorms may occur in the Punjab.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 14th July to date.
Bushire (21st)	94·3	86·5	...	0·00
Jask	99·3	86·3	...	0·00
Muskat	...	...	...	...
Multan	101·3	80·0	...	1·55
Rawalpindi	103·9	75·4	...	3·23
Lahore	104·4	80·7	...	3·24
Sirsa	106·3	82·0	...	2·20
Ambala	102·5	82·9	...	6·67
Delhi	103·5	87·8	...	5·16
Agra	104·0	86·5	...	1·21
Mainpuri	104·8	86·6	...	3·38
Jhansi	101·0	82·0	...	3·29
Cawnpore	103·7	86·4	...	1·92
Allahabad	100·6	85·5	...	4·33
Jacobabad	113·1	78·8	...	0·05
Karachi	84·0	78·0	...	0·00
Ajmer	95·9	80·2	...	1·95
Jaipur	98·2	79·1	...	7·43
Kotah	98·0	81·1	...	4·54
Bhuj	100	78·5	...	1·16
Dwarka	84·3	79·7	...	0·79
Veraval	88·1	78·8	...	3·93
Rajkot	98·1	78·5	...	2·82
Bhavnagar Para	98·6	81·0	...	3·63
Surat	88·3	76·6	0·10	7·96
Ahmedabad	98·1	78·7	...	6·73
Deesa	94·8	79·4	...	7·95
Neemuch	88·9	74·2	...	9·24
Indore	87·1	72·1	...	7·02
Jubbulpore	89·8	76·3	...	14·03
Saugor	87·2	72·6	...	16·03
Hoshangabad	90·6	75·4	...	10·56
Khandwa	89·7	76·1	...	5·38
Akola	92·2	71·1	...	9·55
Amraoti	89·3	75·3	...	9·18
Nagpur	91·6	78·3	...	19·47
Chanda	94·0	75·0	0·07	17·89
Raipur	90·7	75·6	...	18·72
Bombay	87·4	79·2	0·10	23·57
Ratnagiri	84·8	77·9	0·06	41·39
Mormugao	84·0	74·7	0·24	47·23
Karwar	83·3	75·0	0·26	51·15
Malegaon	89·4	78·1	...	18·85
Ahmednagar	85·4	70·0	...	12·18
Poona	84·5	68·3	...	6·79
Sholapur	92·8	72·9	...	7·75
Bijapur	87·2	70·2	...	7·29
Belgaum	76·3	67·0	0·02	19·22
Aurangabad	87·2	74·2	...	11·53
Nizamabad (Indur)	92·4	73·7	...	11·44
Hyderabad	91·8	73·7	...	7·19
Mangalore	84·3	72·3	0·06	59·52
Calicut	81·8	74·1	0·71	59·61
Cochin	83·7	75·7	0·55	50·67
Colombo	86·5	77·5	0·01	8·52
Masulipatam	97·8	82·7	...	7·85
Bellary	94·0	75·3	...	1·10
Cuddapah	99·2	76·8	...	5·48
Madras	102·5	83·0	...	1·46
Bangalore	81·3	65·8	0·14	7·43
Coimbatore	77·4	71·3	...	10·09
Trichinopoly	96·6	73·3	...	1·31
Negapatam	98·0	80·0	...	2·56

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BY THE WAY.

THE KING'S GRANDFATHER.

Sir Walter Gilbey, in his slim but interesting volume on "The Royal Family and Farming," just issued, relates an anecdote of the Prince Consort which shows the wonderful acuteness of observation possessed by the King's grandfather. In 1858, when at the Leeds exhibition, he was shown the parts of a new wool-combing machine which the exhibitors' men were about to put together; and soon after, in another room, the machine set up ready for work. The Prince studied the machine for a few moments, and then drew attention to the fact that it lacked a part. It was found that a wheel, by accident, had been omitted when the machine was set up for exhibition. It was an omission which not one man in ten thousand would have noticed.

"GOD SAVE THE KING" IN LATIN.

How does "God Save the King" sound when sung in Latin. Has it ever been so tried in this country? A Canadian Catholic Archbishop, Monsignor Zangevin, ordered it so to be sung in all the churches of his diocese on Coronation Day. Monsignor Zangevin is really Archbishop of Winnipeg, but his title is Archbishop of St. Boniface, a quaint French suburb of that city and a mission settlement long before Winnipeg came into existence. Winnipeg has also a Protestant prelate, and his title is Archbishop of Rupertsland, the old name of the province of Manitoba. So that Winnipeg has two Archbishops, but neither of them is Archbishop of Winnipeg.

WHY PEPYS' DIARY WAS DISCONTINUED.

Some most interesting speculations by Mr. d'Arcy Power, F. R. C. S., on the causes which led Mr. Pepys to end his Diary at the age of thirty-six, are given in the "Lancet." Mr. Power read a paper on the subject at a recent meeting of the Samuel Pepys Club. He quotes copiously from the famous Diary the pathetic allusions to failing eyesight which begin in 1663-4, at the age of thirty, and end in 1669, with the close of "all that I doubt I shall ever be able to do with my own eyes in the keeping of my Journal." Says Mr. Power: Anyone who reads critically the account which Mr. Pepys has given of the state of his eyes must feel sure that he suffered from hypermetropia with some degree of astigmatism, and that his fear of becoming blind was wholly unfounded. These errors of refraction were not very great, though they were sufficient to cause eyestrain and undue sensitiveness of his retinæ. He did not suffer from headache or he would have said so; he did not squint or his portraits would have shown it. The eyestrain came on when he was about thirty. He had been accustomed to lead an outdoor life, but he now settled down at his office, began to use his eyes for long spells of work, and was concerned with masses of figures which often required the closest attention. The paper at this time was coarse, the writing was crabbed, and the candle-light by which he worked was insufficient. Considerable strain, therefore, was put upon his accommodation, and the latent defect soon became manifest.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

In conjunction with his friend Mr. Ernest Clarke, Mr. Power evolved the following as the prescription which a present-day oculist would have written:

For Samuel Pepys, Esq.

Spectacles—

+2D. c. +0.50 D. cyl. axis 90°.

Pepys, of course, tried various "tubes" and glasses which were all that the spectacle-makers of those days had to offer; but the hypermetropic astigmatism from which he suffered could not have been cured by glasses during his lifetime, for science was not sufficiently advanced to recognise the condition. But astigmatism can be relieved by allowing the rays of light to pass through only a single meridian of the irregularly curved cornea or lens. It is tantalising to think that Pepys might have stumbled accidentally upon this method if anything had caused him to read through a slit whilst he was wearing his glasses. This might easily have happened had he sat upon his tubes and crushed them, or if in the agitation of speaking he had squeezed them flat in his hands. He would then have found his eyestrain removed; his acute mind would have set itself to determine the cause; he would have pasted strips of black paper on each side of his glasses, and the Diary might have been continued to the end of his life; whilst the paper he would have certainly read on the subject before the Royal Society would have added still greater lustre to his name and might have revolutionised the laws of dioptrics.

THE MARBLE QUARRIES OF CARRARA

In "Cassier's Magazine" last month Mr. Albert Wilhelm drew a remarkable contrast between the American methods of quarrying marble and those which may be seen in operation at Carrara, in Italy. The American quarries work with huge drills, channelling machines, compressed airs, electrically driven saws, and all the other devices which engineering science can invent. The stone is cut with certainty, and with the very smallest waste. At Carrara, as anybody can see who has been in the town of marble, man is still supreme, and the machine almost unknown. More marble is wasted than is ever got safely down the mountain-side, which is seamed with millions of tons of debris. "Such is the extent of the waste that some of the heaps of marble scraps are hundreds of feet in height, and may cover the slope of a mountain to a depth of a thousand feet. In cutting the marble the miners have been so careless that they have thus covered many of the deposits, so that they can never be worked without removing these piles of fragments, which would be a task requiring many years."

THE CRADLE OF AVIATION.

Just at the time when all interest is centred upon the great aviation circuit it is appropriate that in the pretty little Norman town of Andelys the people should have commemorated the famous aeronaut, Blanchard, by imposing a plaque upon the house where he was born. It was in 1785 that Blanchard, in an aerostat which he had himself constructed, set out with Dr. Jeffries, an Englishman, to cross the Channel. He set out from England, and his success, with his primitive Montgolfier, made as great a sensation in that time as the exploits accomplished in the perfected machines of to-day. The plaque will be associated with three great events, Blanchard, the Circuit European, and the Millenary of Normandy. Blanchard was an intrepid enthusiast, and his intrepidity and enthusiasm cost him his life. His wife perished with him.

WHEN FLIES GO "PLOP."

This is a phrase sometimes used by children, incorrectly but expressively enough, to indicate the familiar autumn sight, says a Home Correspondent, of dead house-flies sticking to walls, windows, and elsewhere, surrounded by a patch of white "mould." Mr. James Scott, in view of the present more than suspect condition of the pest, has been making special microscopic investigation of the causes and meaning of the spectacle, and publishes the result, with illustrations, in the "Sanitary Record." He says: Its true character is only fully known to those who study minute fungi; for the white stuff is a microscopic member of this curious group of cryptogamic plants. The more I examine it, the greater are my fears that it possesses possibilities detrimental to human health. The majority of flies succumb to this strange complaint, though several of them retreat to crevices and nooks quite out of sight. A fly, when attacked by this fungus, gets quickly weak, and finally settles down for a rest on the spot where it subsequently remains. The spores of the plant which have entered into its body in one of the numerous ways to which it is exposed, as in breathing or in food, germinate and become intermingled tubular threads, which ultimately completely fill the abdomen. If this portion of the body is removed from an infected insect, and crushed between two glass slips, it will be found to be dry and mealy, being quite devoid of the fluids associated with it during life. The organs of the fly are actually consumed beyond all recognition by the fungus, and the body becomes converted into almost corky substance. As the fly is dying, often with a peculiar wail, it ceases its movements, and consequently the glue padded claws with which its six legs are furnished, harden so effectively that the creature is henceforth permanently attached to that position, and will so remain for many months, if undisturbed, presenting through out a hideous spectacle. (One may observe, in passing, that it needs sharp ears to hear the "peculiar wail" of a dying fly.)

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the same and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

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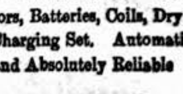

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WHAT HEALTHY NERVES MEAN TO YOU.

A strong vigorous nervous system means health strength and ability to endure hardship and also to enjoy the full pleasure of life.

The man with healthy nerves accomplished greater tasks with less fatigue. He has a clear eye, an active brain and a sound body. He is enabled to think better and work faster. He has energy. With healthy nerves he can overcome the hardest competition, be successful and gain wealth.

The woman with healthy nerves is never listless, weak or hopeless, she is not irritable, she never suffers from hysteria, she has a reserved surplus of endurance. Healthy nerves will prevent the sleepless mother, although worn with care and nursing, from a "break down" caused by her double or treble duty.

All men and women who suffer from these forms of nervousness—known as Neurasthenia—who have "gone to pieces," who lack energy, who have insomnia, who have succumbed to nervous prostation on nervous exhaustion, either mental or physical, whose condition is one of irritably weakness, will find ready relief and cure in the peculiar properties of

Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

These wonderful remedies contain no mercury or other injurious drug. They act like magic. The bright eye, the elastic step., the clear and active brain, the courage and strength and comfort they impart are noted almost from the first day they are taken.

One box of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls will do a great deal of good, the full course treatment of six boxes are guaranteed to make a permanent cure, Rs. 2-0-0 per box of 40 pills. Six boxes for Rs. 10-8-0, V. P. charges extra. Insist on getting Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and no substitute. Of all chemists and of Sole Proprietors:

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Little's Oriental Balm Cures Rheumatism.

If every man and every woman who suffers from Rheumatism would hear and heed this message, what a tremendous amount of misery the world would lose!

Little's Oriental Balm is unquestionably the greatest cure for all Rheumatic Pains. The pain simply can't exist when the Balm is well rubbed into the aching muscles and joints.

For many years this wonderful remedy has relieved and cured the most stubborn cases. It will cure you!

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a Remedy may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 5s. from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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"Paisley Flour" does the raising so evenly and so well that home baking becomes a pleasure.
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RAPID FIRE FROM GERMAN GUNS.

The question of rapid fire from 12in. guns, which, it is presumed, will, now the Coronation is over, once again attract the attention of the British naval gunnery experts on board the "Neptune," is likewise engaging the attention of the German authorities, and it is reported that the battleship Thuringen, of the Kaiser's first sea battle line, recently discharged eight shots from the two guns mounted in the foremost turret in about a minute and a half. This rate of fire is a great improvement on the rapidity of aimed discharge from primary guns hitherto achieved in the German fleet, but it does not compare even favourably with the rapidity of fire which Vice-Admiral Sir Percy Scott's apparatus produced from the 12in. guns of the Neptune when that ship was on her experimental gunnery cruise before hoisting the flag of the new Commander-in-Chief of the Home Fleet. There were a few imperfections discovered in Sir Percy's contrivance during the severe test to which it was subjected on the occasion referred to; but none that were ineradicable or not capable of being eliminated by a little study and trial, and as the ship has now become flagship of the Home Fleet, time will no doubt be found to continue the experiments under the eye of Admiral Sir Francis Bridgeman, after the necessary improvements have been made by the inventor and the installation set up in working order again. The Coronation functions intercepted the series of trials which were being carried out by officers daily gaining more experience, and therefore more rapidity with the weapons at each trial, and there is no doubt that our naval officers and its inventor will develop this apparatus to a point that wil not only equal but excel the results of the first series of experiments (which were more successful than the last) during the experimental cruise, and keep us far ahead of other nations in the rapidity and accuracy of shooting from our primary guns. The accuracy of the fire from the German guns on board the "Thuringen" is not known; but the accuracy of the "Neptune's" fire was excellent.

NEW FORCE IN NAVAL WARFARE.

Motor Boats Without Crews.

Tests of the efficiency of an unmanned motor boat steered and controlled by a wireless telegraph from the shore took place on July 6 on the Wannsee, a lake near Berlin, in the presence of a large number of military and naval officers engineering experts, and foreign naval and military attaches. Herr Christian Wirth, the inventor, conducted the experiments, together with Captain von Meerscheidt, a prominent member of the German Navy League, which issued invitations to witness this interesting sight.

The motor boat was first towed to the middle of the lake, about a mile from the shore, and then Captain von Meerscheidt gave a succession of orders which Herr Wirth carried out by transmitting waves from the apparatus ashore to a receiver on board. In this way he started the motor and then stopped it; drove the boat ahead and astern, and to starboard and port, and caused it to describe intricate figures on the water, such as the letter "S" and the figure "8". The boat, which cruised backwards and forwards for a distance varying from one to two miles from the apparatus by which it was controlled executed each order given by Captain von Meerscheidt with absolute precision. The special naval correspondent of the "Tagliche Rundschau" writes:—

"The group of experts watched with astonishment the movements of this phantom ship, and drew conclusions regarding the marine battles of the future, in which torpedo-boats controlled by wireless telegraphy may be hurled at forty-knot speed at battleships, sinking them. It is still too early to prophesy how far this new invention will take us, because it has only just emerged from the laboratory, and has not undergone many practical tests, but sooner or later capitalists will finance Herr Wirth's discovery, and then unmanned vessels of various sizes will be constructed in large numbers."

HIGH COURT.—JULY 24.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

Petition for Hearing.

6-1882 Wadia G. and Co. In re the Moon Mills Ld. vs. Moon Mills Ld. Petitioners For Judgment.
656-10 Thakurdas and Co F Fischer and Co vs Charles Andreo Cortese and another Payne and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

55-10 Wadia G and Co Dayabai Moolanchand vs Kalidas Navalchand and others Matubhai J and M Shamrao M and H Inperson.
631-10 Mirza M and M Mahomed Ibrahim bin Kamroodin Makri and another vs Sahaboodin bin Haji Sharfudin Ghatay Captain and V.
484-11 Mulji and K Ajodhiaprasad Ambikaprasad Trivedi vs Bawa Sittaramdas Guru Gangadasji Bawa Tyabjee D and Co

For Trial of an Issue

660-10 J R Patell and Co. Meghji Vallubhdass vs Jadaoji Morarji, Jehangir M and S Captain and V.

Long Causes.

376-10 Motichand and D Goolam Husin Abdulalli and others vs Rahamatbhai widow and others Dikshit D and S Shamrao M and H
414-10 Captain and V Mahomed Hussein Tharia Topan vs Sorabji Edulji Vacha and another Payne and Co
741-08 Payne and Co Ramlal Poonamchand vs Bruel and Co Crawford B and Co
438-10 Tyabji D and Co. Shamrao Maroba and another vs Shivshankar Maroba and others Mirza M and M D J Mandri.
697-08 Mulji and K Macherla Ramanna and others vs Carmoory Venkette Lakhshmi Narsinham and others Raghvaya B and N.
254-09 Dastur and Co. Narotamdas Premji vs Purshotam Soonderji Madhowji K & C.
375-10 Payne and Co. the Bombay Cotton Mills Co Ld. vs Messrs. Vallubhdas Khimji and Co, Tyabji D and Co.
156-11 Matubhai J and M, Madon Sons and Co vs Framji Rustomji Singara, Nanu H and Co.
398-09 Captain and V Keshavlal Nathubhai and another vs Goolam Hoosein Sidhibhai and another Thakurdas and Co.
22-08 Mulla and M The Hon'ble the Advocate General of Bombay vs Jalbhai Ardeshir Sethna and others F P Pavri.
696-07 Chitnis M and K Narayen Vinayek vs Vinayek Moroba and others Nanu H and Co N M Cama Chitnis M and K.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Davar.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

130-10—Daphtary F and D Ardeshir Burjorji Godrej vs Nusserwanji R Mistri Little and Co.
397-08—J R Patell and Co; Cowasji Jehangir Mody vs Vithaldas Soonderdas Captain and V.
940-10 Bicknell M and R Gopinath Premsukhdas and others Zoomerlal Ramchand
899-05 Shroff D and D The Advocate General of Bombay and others Ramabai widow and others Shamrao M and H.
671-08—J R Patell and Co Dhondi Bhicaji vs Abdul Karim Hassonally and others Thakurdas and Co.
473-10—Smetham B and Co Chaturbhuj Ramkison vs Shri Ram Mota and Co Bicknell M R Motichand and D Subnis and G.
357-10—Bhaishanker K and G Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs The Tricumdass Mills Co in liquidation Payne and Co.
463-09 Malvi H M R Bejnat Noharmal vs Lalchand Tarachand Thakurdas and Co.
653-09 D T Mantri Harischandra Bhaskar and others Krisnarao Balkrishnaji and others Dapthary F and H Little and Co Jehangir G B
797-04 Tyabji D and Co Hemraj Balmukund and others vs Ramchandra Baldeo Malvi H M and R.

Testamentary Suits.

21-08 Shamus A Tyabji, Ramchandra Narayan T vs Sakubai widow of N H P, R B and Nagindas.
19-10 In person. Bai Laximbai widow vs Bai Dewkabhai widow, Jehangir M and H
23-10 Tyabji Dayabhai and Co, Kanga and S, Yusuf Haji Tyeb and another vs Bai Kulsumbai, Jehangir M and S.
2-11 Judah H Solomon, Bhimabai widow vs Shanker Ramchandra K R B and Nagindas
3-11 Judah Solomon, Dhondu Baluvar Deo vs Shankerrao, Bhikaji Manchurshah and N
4-11 Payne and Co, Ambabai widow vs Zavebai widow, Motichand and D
5-11 Madhowji K and C, Dhanaji Mungaji and others vs Gunpat Boodaji, Smetham B and Co
7-11 Jehangir M and S, Mongibai widow of Kanji vs Amritbai widow and others, Tyabji D and Co.
8-11 Khanderao L and M Shantaram Bhicoba D vs Keserbai and another Subnis and G.
9-11 C P d'Cunha Luxman Krishna H and another vs Gunpat Babajee Argade Subnis and G
11-11 Shamrao M and H Ruttonsi Kanji vs Ramcooverbai and another Shroff D and D
12-11 Bicknell M and Bai Shirinbai widow vs Nusserwanji Muncherjee C Unwalla and P
13-11 Payne and Co Ignascio Gomes vs Elias Gabriel Coelho and another Jehangir M and S
14-11 Tyabji D and Co Guculdas Dayaram Master vs Bhugwandas D Master Jehangir and S.

Long Cause.

749-10 Jehangir and S Bhagwandas Dayaram and others vs Brijlal Dayaram Master and others Jehangir and S Tyabji D and Co

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Beaman.)

For Decree Absolute.

32-11 Ardeshir H D and Co Kirka Khushal and another vs R D Sethna and others.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

322-10 Bhaishankar K and G Raja Bahadur Moti-Shivlal vs The Bombay Cotton Mills Co Payne and Co
343-10 Mirza M and M Narotamdas Bechardas vs Ayab Kumari Tyabji D and Co
46-11 Madhowji K and C Bhai Shankar Nanabhai vs Morarji Keshawji Edgelow G W and Co.
612-09 Dastur and Co Narotamdas Premji vs Purshotam Soonderji and others Madhowji K and C
578-09 Nanu H and Co Ibrahim Abdullaly Moochalla and others vs C Chhaganlal and Co Maneckial and N
629-10 Pestonji R K and Co Kesrising Chandmul vs Gangadas Nagindas Motichand and another.
724-10 Thakurdas and Co Dady Nasserwanji Dady and others vs Atmaram Anandrao Chapwala Captain and V
744-10 Smetham B and Co Ghellabhai Shivji vs Valabhji Cooverji and others Edgelow G W and Co Motichand and D Ragha B N
753-10 Jehangir G and B Jamsetji Rustomji, Awabai Jamsetji, C Jamsetji and others Kanga and S
765-10 Madhowji K and C The Advocate-General of Bombay, Damodher Jivan and another Unwala and P, Pestonji R Kola and Co
786-10 In Person Vasta Ramji widow and others Shroff D D Ardeshir H D and Co, Jehangir G and B
349-09 Tyabji D and Co K D Sethna vs Pitamber Dalcharam and others Captain and V Little and Co.
36-07 Tyabji D and Co Noorbhai Abdool Hoosein and others vs Ismail Shaikh Jiwanji and others Ardeshir H D and Co Edgelow G W and Co.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

555-10—Nanu H and Co Tyaballi Eusufbhoy and others vs Abdeally Mahomedally and others Payne and Co.
62-10—Nadeo H D and Co Amritlal Girdhar vs Vallabhdas Kassidas and others Tyabji D and Co
757-09 Dikshit D S Bamji Naranji vs Vassanji Khimji and others Bhaishankar K and G Little and Co.
791-09 Mulla and M The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Mahomed and another Pestonji R K and Co.
553-04 Khanderao L and M Samson Haskel vs Madhodas Goculdas Liladhar Pasta Little and Co.
68-07 A Gandhi Joonus Haji Ahmed vs Sale Mahomed Haji Ahmed and others Payne and Co.
621-10 Bicknell M and R Damji Keshavji vs Gokuldas Premji Ookerda Bhai Shanker K and G.
532-06 Jehangir G and B Sitaram Ganpatram vs Luxmibai widow and others Khanderao L and M
371-11 Jehangir and S Madhowji Dayal vs Amin Appasaheb Bhailabha and another G H Dalal.
489-10 Bhaishankar K and G. The Tricumdas Mills Co. in liquidation vs Gordhandas Khatau, Little and Co. Edgelow G W and Co.
491-10 Bhaishankar K and G The Lakhmidas Khimji Spinning and Weaving Co in liquidation vs Gordhandas Khatau Little and Co.
561-10 Bhaishanker K and G Nagindas Kessarising vs, Ishwardas Rameshwar, Motichand and D.
581-10 Daphtary F and D, Makanji and Co. Nathmalji; Bridichand and others Edgelow G W and Co.
670-10 Mulla and M Shivji Bhoja vs Godavari Bai.
499-10 Nanu H. and Co. Daramdas Atmaram vs Anapurabai widow and others, Juddah and S.
203-08 Jehangir Mulabai widow vs. Badriprasad Tucaram S A Tyabji.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, OFFICIATING COMMANDANT.

Bombay, 24th July.

There will be drill in the Town Hall, to-morrow, evening Tuesday, the 25th instant from 6 p.m. All Recruits are requested to attend.

T. W. WILSON, Lieut.
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 24th July.

580. Musketry Rifle Club—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted to the Rifle Club for matches 10 to 12 on Wednesday, 26th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-50 a m.

581. The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for matches 10 to 12 on Saturday, the 29th instant, from 2 to 5 p.m., and Sunday, the 30th instant, from 9 a. m., to 12 noon.

582. Parade—There will be a parade for 'G' Company Recruits (and any other members who wish to attend) at the Bombay Gymkhana on Monday morning, at 7-30, until further orders.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 24th July.

186. Ambulance Class.—A St. Johns Ambulance Class for members of the B. V. A. will shortly be commenced.

Members wishing to attend the course are requested to send their names into the Adjutant B. V. A. Headquarters, when further particulars will be issued.

191. Badges Class—Badges for Company Classification for all members of No 2 Company can be obtained from Corps Headquarters any day (except Sunday) from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.

A promenade concert will be held in the Town Hall, on Wednesday, 9th August, to commence at 9-30 p.m. Price of admission Rs. 2 which includes one lady. Extra ladies tickets Re. 1.

Tickets can be obtained from the Committee, Lieut. Newman Taylor, Sergts. Forbes, Venn, Spilling, Barker, Greenstead, Bombr Bellamy and Gunner Dickson, and from the B V A Headquarters.

AN UNPAID SUPPER BILL.

At Westminster, Capt Wyndham Paulet St. John Mildmay, fifty-six, was charged under the Debtors Act with having fraudulently obtained credit at Odone's Restaurant, Victoria Street, Westminster. It was stated that on the night of June 22 the defendant had supper at the restaurant, his bill comming to 3s 8d. When the bill was tendered the defendant handed to the waiter an empty purse, telling him to help himself. No explanation being afforded a policeman was called to him Capt Mildmay said;—"I went into the restaurant knowing I had no money and could not pay I was hungry. It was wrong. ought not to have done it. In answer to the charge, the defendant addressed the magistrat at some length. He said he had no fraudulent intention, and he offered the waiter silver articles, a match box and other articles of considerable value as security for the debt. Mr Francis said that the defendant, though invited to question the achsc witnesses, had not cross-examined, as to this, The defendant said that on entering the restaurant, he had forgotten the fact that he had parted with half-a-crown at a post office "to hold the wire" and in part payment of a long telegram. Mr. Francis said he had received a medical certificate from the prison as to the defendant's condition, but it was a case in respect of which he had no jurisdiction. The defendant must go for trial. Capt. Mildmay asked for bail, mentioning the names of a General and a King's Counsel. Mr. Francis said he would accept two sureties in £100.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SOME SUMMER SALES.

Just now, writes a Home correspondent in mail week, the summer sales are all-engrossing. Shopland is for the present given over to a riot of bargain-hunting, and it is little short of astonishing to find how great a difference the approaching end of the season makes to the price of articles of personal adornment. Without doubt the greatest bargains are to be found in those departments devoted to model gowns which, having served their turn as patterns for toilettes, are now being cleared at low prices.

HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES.

Very special attractions are this year being offered at Home to the astute shopper in table linen. Owing to the fact that table centres are no longer much in demand, designs in napery have become more elaborate and beautiful. One table-cloth shows an all over design of butterflies, which is very uncommon, and looks well in contrast to gleaming silver and gay summer flowers, and a newly-designed set of table damask is of Japanese chrysanthemums while coloured table-cloths are also fashionable for luncheons, several examples of these having a deep fringed border of pale blue or pink.

NEW CANDLESTICKS.

Flower vases, bonbon dishes, table lamps, and candlesticks alike, made of heavily-moulded glass, are frequently replacing those of silver, and many of the candlesticks are copies of rare old designs. They form an unusual table decoration, particularly novel, and are welcomed as wedding gifts.

SOME ETCETERAS OF DRESS.

While the sales are on, an excellent opportunity is provided for laying in a stock of all those many etceteras of dress which do so much to make or mar a woman's toilette. Veils are worth buying at sale time, and just now one shop is specialising in French veiling. Some of these are very becoming, notably the fine shadow lace veils which show a light pattern that is by no means disfiguring to wear. White tambour washing veiling, which was worn by so many women at the Naval Review, has likewise been reduced in price, and is an item not to be overlooked by those women who realise how effective a good white lace veil looks when loosely tied over a dark blue or a black hat. Many who adopt this fashion wear a thin pink tulle complexion veil under the lace one, which gives a very soft and charming effect.

HOLIDAY HATS.

Hats for the holidays present a problem not easy to solve. One mushroom sailor hat made of navy blue straw, edged with a couple of rows of white straw, is very shady and becoming, quite simply trimmed with a bow of satin ribbon tied at one side. Worn with a light patterned tambour veil this hat looks well provided that the veil is loosely tied and caught under the hair behind, so that it drapes in graceful folds beneath the chin. Another pretty hat on Puritan cap lines is also of navy blue, with the brim edged with white straw, and turned up sharply behind, so that it is very comfortable for travelling or motoring. This hat can be copied in any two colours to match any particular toilette, one smart combination being a pale blue straw edged with a purple straw, and trimmed with a satin bow placed on the front of the crown.

GALA JEWELS.

Owing to the risk of loss of valuable jewels during the Coronation festivities, quite a number of well-known leaders of Society have taken the precaution of having their valuable heirlooms copied in those several imitation jewels which are one of the wonders of modern times. Particularly successful is the imitation pearl, which has all the lustre, beauty and colour of the real gems. Necklaces of these pearls (which defy detection) are either composed of five or six strands of perfect pearls of varying size, or in single rows, and they make presents suitable for debutantes whose jewels must of a necessity be of a simple type.

A NEW TEAPOT.

There seems no end to the ingenuity of the modern inventor, who is so clever at improving even the most ordinary domestic articles. The latest novelty which is of practical everyday use is a new self-pouring teapot that requires no lifting, and consequently makes an ideal gift for an invalid. This teapot is specially constructed so that it pours out by simply pressing a knob at the top of the lid. Another great advantage is that such a pot ensures a saving of something like twenty-five per cent. of the tea used, the new invention making tea in such a manner that the maximum of strength and flavour can be obtained by using the minimum amount of material.

'VIYELLA' (Reg.)

IDEAL FOR SHIRTS, PYJAMAS, SHEETS, &c.

Obtainable from leading Hosiers and Stores, or name of nearest sent by

VIYELLA,
24-25, New Gate Street,
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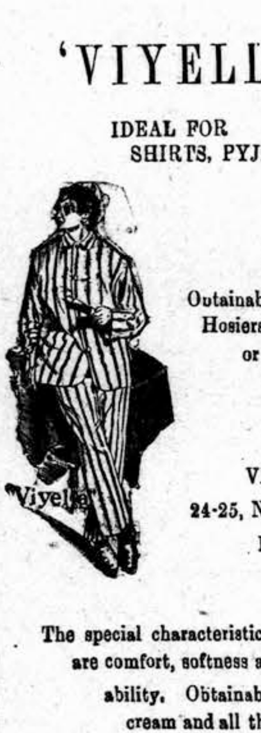

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

THE SCALES OF THE EEL.

In the ordinary acceptation of the term, the eel is a scaleless fish. But this is due to the fact that its scales are very minute and embedded in the skin. They form, as pointed out by a writer in the "Field," very interesting and beautiful objects for the microscope. In size the scales of the eel vary from 1-20th of an inch upwards, according to the age of the fish. They are formed of two layers of a clear horny substance, the upper of which is studded with crystalls of calcium carbonate. These are so transparent as to look like empty cells. The scales very in shape from a blunt to an elongated oval, and are sometimes almost kidney-shaped.

TELL AGE OF FISH.

The writer of the above note shows how the scales of the eel tell its age. On each may be observed at intervals several more or less clearly marked lines parallel to the margin. These mark lines of growth, one for each year of the life of the fish. Three years, however, must be allowed for the innermost ring, as the eel has no scales until the third year. The scales do not overlap to any extent, and are arranged in series of small groups at right angles to each other so as to resemble what is known as herring-bone brick-work. Conger eels, however, are said to have no scales.

HOW SWIFTS SPEND THE NIGHT.

A recent observer has noticed that at Gibraltar the swifts may be seen flying up to 10.30 at night and reappearing at daylight. Where do they spend the short interval? It is suggested that they spend the night in the air. Many careful observers who have watched them say that some time during the evening they ascend into the upper air until they are lost to view. It is believed that they spend the night in the higher regions of the atmosphere, and descend again in the morning. Long ago Gilbert White observed that the swift performed almost every action of life on the wing. Do they even sleep in the air?

THE DIET OF THE MOLE.

The diet of the mole is known to consist chiefly of worms, insects, and other creatures living in the soil. The question whether it ever varies, or supplements this diet with vegetables is discussed by "R. L." in the "Field." It was formerly held that vegetation, in the form of roots, &c., did form a normal part of its diet. Fragments of vegetable matter were found from time to time in its stomach. It was considered by many later observers, however, that these had been accidentally taken in along with insects, etc., living among the roots of plants. So it became the conclusion of naturalists that the mole was an exclusive animal feeder. The question has, however, recently been discussed again. Certain American species of mole are known to eat a considerable quantity of vegetable matter as a normal part of their diet. And an Italian naturalist, Guiseppe Albini, who has lately investigated the habits of the common mole, asserts that it habitually consumes a certain amount of vegetable matter. The facts, as "R. L." concludes, "can scarcely be interpreted otherwise than as evidence that moles are to a certain extent vegetarian in their diet."

USES OF OLD PARCHMENT.

It is interesting to know what becomes of the various articles used in daily life after they have served their original purpose. Science frequently transforms them to serve new ends, and the methods employed are often of scientific interest. A note in a scientific periodical calls attention to the transformation of old parchment. After chemical treatment to remove the ink and careful cleaning the old parchments may reappear as "fine French kid gloves." The scraps furnish "size" and stuffing for tennis balls.

VOLCANIC ASH.

In Japan a use for volcanic ash, in reality finely powdered rock, has recently been discovered. Mixed with the materials for Portland cement it makes a mortar with certain special advantages. It is found to be specially suited, that is to say, for works under salt water. It has greater tensile strength, is denser, and resists better the percolations of water. It may be noted that volcanic ash naturally sets to a hard rock known as volcanic tuff. The top of Mount Snowdon is composed of such a rock.

POWERS OF GROWING VEGETATION.

The remarkable force of growing vegetation is illustrated by the fungus lifting the paving-stone under which it is growing, or the root of the maiden-hair fern breaking the pot in which it is planted. So the root of a tree growing into a crack in a wall will finally break down a part of it. A young tree growing through the centre of a mill-stone has ended by lifting the stone bodily from the ground. The island of Aldabra, off the north-west of Madagascar furnishes an interesting example of the effects of this power of growing plants. For the mangroves which grow at the foot of the cliffs are gradually destroying the island by the force of their growth. Their roots, insinuating themselves into cracks and fissures, expand by growth and form gaps. The waves work their way into these gaps, and the cliffs are removed bit by bit. It is believed that the whole island will one day be totally removed in this way.

DISTANCE OF THE SUN.

The latest determination of the distance of the sun has been calculated from observations of the planet Eros. This is one of the minor planets, and its orbit is between that of the earth and Mars. The observations is reduced by Mr. Arthur Hinky give an angular measurement of 8 806 seconds of parallax. This works out to 92'725,802 miles as the solar distance. This is rather less than that given in most text-books, and is held to be more accurate.

NEW PLASTIC MATERIAL.

A new plastic material, destined to prove of great interest in the near future, is about to be put upon the market under the registered title of "Syrolit." It is claimed for the material that it represents the most recent discovery in the nature of a material applicable to the same commercial purposes as celluloid, vulcanite, &c., Syrolit has the advantages of being non-inflammable, practically unbreakable, and can be produced in any colour or combination of colours. Marble, jade, ebony, tortoiseshell, ivory, and other effects can be reproduced in the material, the prime constituent of which is separated milk treated by a patented process and rendered hard and durable. Syrolit is also susceptible to a brilliant polish. The material can be readily worked on the turning lathe, cut with a saw, drilled, or planed, and is adapted to the manufacture of the scores of articles of general domestic use, such as combs, brushes, tooth brushes, knife, handles, boxes, picture frames, tiles, panels, dominoes &c.

FRIENDLY BACTERIA.

The coralloid roots of cycads are familiar to students of botany as containing colonies of the blue-green alga called nostoc or anabaena, whose presence is beneficial to the plant. The swellings of the root are, says the "University Correspondent," apparently due in the first instance to the action of friendly bacteria, the nostoc entering into partnership later. More recently it has been found that these cycad roots are infested with a hostile fungus. The nostoc helps the cycad plant to obtain more food, and in its turn gains benefit by partnership with the bacteria; but the fungus is a free lance, preying alike on the nostoc, the bacteria, and the cycad.

The King has presented to the Zoological Society, a fine young pair of the Barbary sheep (Ovis tragelaphus)", usually called the aoudad, which his Majesty has just received from Morocco. These magnificent sheep attain a height of over a yard, and have massive horns and an enormous mane of ruddy brown hair on the chest and forequarters.

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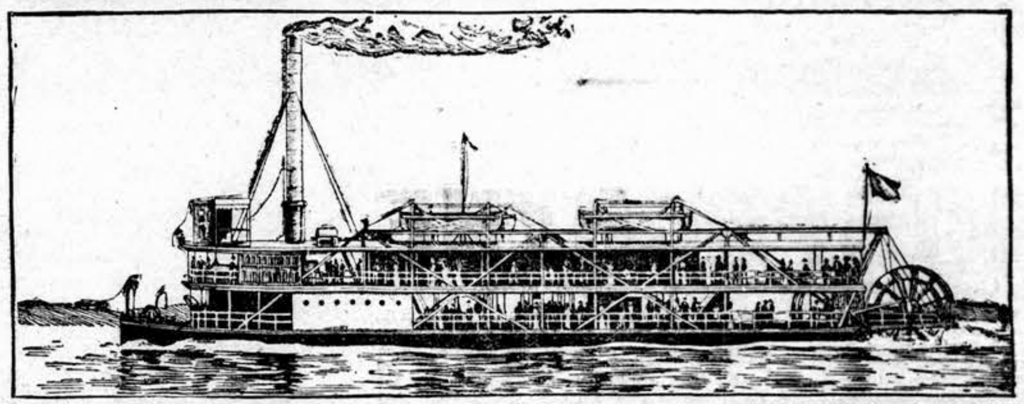

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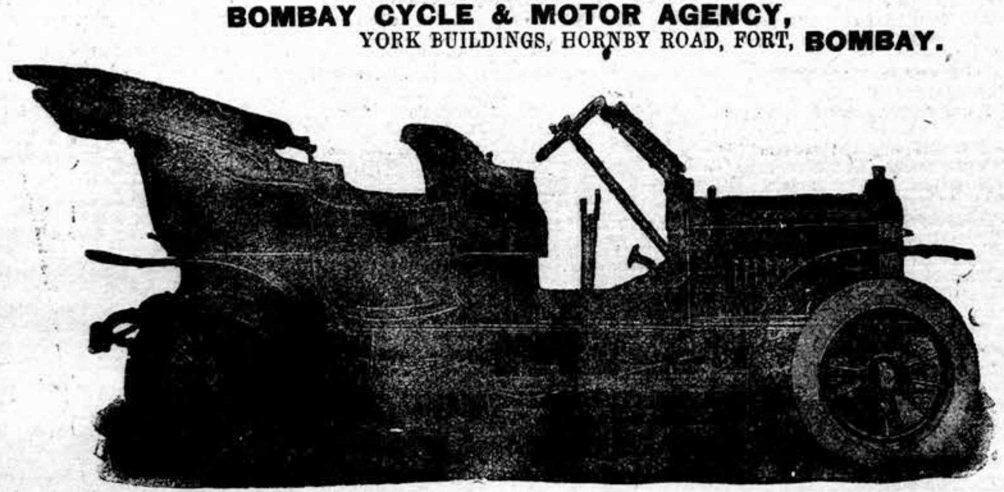

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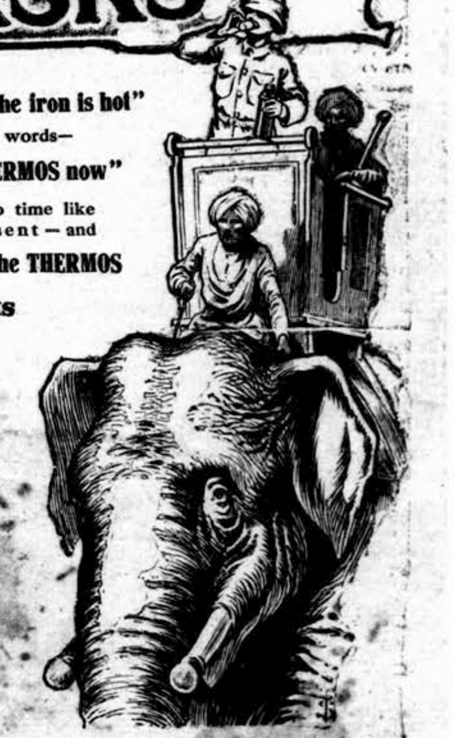

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